

# DEADLINE SALE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

## Sale & Purchase Agreement Details

Client / Vendor: Richard Gordon Keith Donaldson as to a 1/2 share Shona Anne Youngman as to a 1/2 share

Customer / Purchaser:

Property Address: 9 Kaikorai Valley Road, Kaikorai, Dunedin 9010

Licensee: Lawrence Peeters

## Client/Customer Acknowledgement

The Customer/Purchaser acknowledges that prior to signing the agreement for sale and purchase described above, the following paragraphs have been read and understood:

- |                                                                                                                                               | Customer<br>(Purchaser) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. The property is being offered for sale by Deadline;                                                                                        | X.....                  |
| 2. That there <u>is</u> / <u>is likely</u> to be more than one party interested in purchasing the property described herein;                  | X.....                  |
| 3. I/we have been advised to put my/our highest and best offer in writing for presentation to the vendor;                                     | X.....                  |
| 4. The vendor may accept or reject any offer prior to the Deadline, as the vendor may elect;                                                  | X.....                  |
| 5. That the vendor may counter offer and negotiate with any of the purchasers at the sole discretion of the vendor;                           | X.....                  |
| 6. That the terms and conditions of my/our offer will remain confidential to me/us, the salesperson drafting my/our agreement and the vendor. | X.....                  |
| 7. That we will be contacted regarding the status of our offer as soon as possible after the close of the Deadline.                           | X.....                  |

X.....  
Signed by the Licensee or authorised person

Date ..... / ..... / .....

X.....  
Signed by the Customer/Purchaser

Date ..... / ..... / .....

Licensee Notes:

Is this necessary?

While there is no express requirement under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008 and its codes, it is considered that the legal obligations in a Multi Offer situation are governed by the obligations imposed under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008 and specifically the Professional Conduct Client Care Rules ("the Rules"). There are some specific rules which are quite relevant in these cases:

1. In particular, Rule 6 sets out the standards of professional conduct of agents and licensees and the requirement to comply with the fiduciary duties with respect to clients (vendors) and the licensees obligations in dealing with all parties engaged in a transaction.
2. Specifically, licensees are obliged to comply with:
  - Rule 10.10 which requires that a licensee must submit to the client all offers concerning the grant, sale, or other disposal of any land or business provided that such offers are in writing.
  - Rule 9.2 whereby a licensee must not engage in any conduct that would put a prospective client, client, or customer under undue or unfair pressure; and
  - Rule 6.2 whereby a licensee must act in good faith and deal fairly with all parties engaged in a transaction.
3. Licensees should also be mindful of the rules which can be relevant in these situations, namely Rule 9.4 requiring regular and timely communication and keeping the client/vendor well informed of all matters relevant to the client's interest.

Needless to say these Rules apply in all offers whether multi offers or otherwise, but in multi offer situations, licensees should take particular care to ensure compliance with these rules.

# CLIENT & CUSTOMER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

## Sale & Purchase Agreement Details

Client / Vendor: Richard Gordon Keith Donaldson as to a 1/2 share Shona Anne Youngman as to a 1/2 share

Customer / Purchaser:

Property Address: 9 Kaikorai Valley Road, Kaikorai, Dunedin 9010

Licensee: Lawrence Peeters

### Licensee Declaration

As licensee in relation to the above property sale ("the transaction"), I confirm pursuant to Section 136 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008, that neither I nor any person related to myself as licensee will benefit financially from the transaction.

X

Signed by the Licensee or authorised person

Date ..... / ..... / .....

### Client/Customer Acknowledgements

The Client & Customer, prior to signing the agreement for sale and purchase relating to the property, acknowledge that the Agent:

	Customer (Purchaser)	Client (Vendor)
1. recommends that we seek legal advice and that a reasonable opportunity to obtain legal advice has been allowed by the Agent;	X.....	X.....
2. recommends that we may need to, seek technical or other advice and information and that a reasonable opportunity to obtain this advice/information was provided;	X.....	X.....
3. has provided us with a copy of the approved guide (attached) relating to sale and purchase agreements published by the Real Estate Authority.	X.....	X.....
4. has made us aware of the Agent's in-house complaints and dispute resolution procedures (attached) and that a copy of this has been made available to us;	X.....	X.....
5. has made us aware that we may access the Real Estate Authority's complaints process without first using the Agent's in-house procedures and that any use of the in-house procedures does not preclude the making of a complaint to the Real Estate Authority;	X.....	X.....
6. For Overseas Investment Act consent purposes is the Customer (Purchaser): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• a New Zealand, Australian or Singaporean citizen or</li><li>• a NZ residency visa holder; or</li><li>• an Australian or Singaporean permanent resident who has lived in NZ for at least 183 days in the last 12 months and is a NZ tax resident?</li></ul>	Yes   No	if 'No', OIA consent required

Additional Acknowledgements

X..... X.....

X.....  
Signed by the Customer/Purchaser

Date ..... / ..... / .....

X.....  
Signed by the Client/Vendor

Date ..... / ..... / .....

# COMPLAINTS & DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE

Pursuant to Rule 12 of the Real Estate Agents Act (Professional Conduct and Client Care Rules) 2012, all licensed Real Estate Agents are required to have a written in-house complaints and dispute resolution procedure. That procedure is set out below.

You do not have to use our complaints and resolution procedure. You may make a complaint directly to the Real Estate Agents Authority at any time. You can make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority even if you choose to also use our procedures.

Our complaints and dispute resolution procedures are designed to provide a simple and personalized process for resolving any complaint you might have about the service you have received from our agency.

**Step 1:** Call or email the Manager:

Stephen Johnston  
Office: 03 474 0526  
Email: [stephen.johnston@oatps.nz](mailto:stephen.johnston@oatps.nz)

Tell the Manager who you are complaining about and what your concerns are.  
Let the Manager know what you would like done about your complaint.

**Step 2:** The Manager may ask you to put your complaint in writing so that he or she can investigate it.  
The Manager will need a brief period of time to talk to the team members involved.  
We promise to come back to you within 10 working days with a response to your complaint.  
That response may be in writing.  
As part of that response we might ask you to meet with members of our team to discuss the complaint and try and agree a resolution.

**Step 3:** If we are unable to come to an agreed resolution after a meeting, or if you don't wish to meet with us, then we will provide you with a written proposal to resolve your complaint.

**Step 4:** If you do not accept our proposal please try and advise us in writing within 5 working days.  
You can, of course, suggest another way of resolving your complaint.

**Step 5:** If we accept your preferred resolution we will attempt to implement that resolution as soon as possible.  
If we decline your preferred resolution we may invite you to mediate the dispute.

**Step 6:** If we agree to mediate the complaint but don't settle the complaint at mediation, or we do not agree to mediate the dispute then that will be the end of our process.

## Remember

You can still make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority in the first instance and even if you use these procedures you can still make a complaint to the Real Estate Agents Authority at any time.

The Real Estate Authority  
C/- P O Box 25-371, Wellington 6146, New Zealand  
Phone 0800 367 7322

# Buying or selling your property?

New Zealand Residential Property  
Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide



## This guide tells you...

- what a sale and purchase agreement is
- what's in a sale and purchase agreement
- what happens after you sign the sale and purchase agreement
- what happens if you have a problem
- where to go for more information

### Where to go for more information

This guide is available in other languages. You can find translated copies of this guide on [rea.govt.nz](http://rea.govt.nz) and [settled.govt.nz](http://settled.govt.nz). The New Zealand Residential Property Agency Agreement Guide is also available on [settled.govt.nz](http://settled.govt.nz). The guide tells you more about the agreement you sign with the agency helping to sell your property.

We welcome any feedback you have on this publication. The information in this guide was accurate when published. However, the requirements this information is based on can change at any time. Up-to-date information is available at [rea.govt.nz](http://rea.govt.nz).

## Key things to know about sale and purchase agreements

- A sale and purchase agreement is a legally binding contract between you and the other party involved in buying or selling a property.
  - You must sign a written sale and purchase agreement to buy or sell a property.
  - You need to read and understand the sale and purchase agreement before you sign it.
  - Even if a standard sale and purchase agreement is being used, you should always get legal advice before you sign the agreement and throughout the buying and selling process.
  - You can negotiate some of the terms and conditions in a sale and purchase agreement.
  - You can include additional clauses, such as what to do if there are special circumstances.
- Your lawyer plays an important role in providing advice on what the sale and purchase agreement should say.

## What a sale and purchase agreement is

A sale and purchase agreement is a legally binding contract between you and the other party involved in buying or selling a property. It sets out all the details, terms and conditions of the sale. This includes things such as the price, any chattels being sold with the property, whether the buyer

needs to sell another property first or needs a property inspection and the settlement date.

A sale and purchase agreement provides certainty to both the buyer and the seller about what will happen when.



New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

## What's in a sale and purchase agreement

Your sale and purchase agreement should include the following things.

### Basic details of the sale

Different sale methods like tender or auction might mean the sale and purchase agreement can look different, but all sale and purchase agreements should contain:

- the names of the people buying and selling the property
- the address of the property
- the type of title, for example, freehold or leasehold
- the price
- any deposit the buyer must pay
- any chattels being sold with the property, for example, whiteware or curtains
- any specific conditions you or the other party want fulfilled
- how many working days you have to fulfil your conditions (if there are any conditions)
- the settlement date (the date the buyer pays the rest of the amount for the property, which is usually also the day they can move in)
- the rate of interest the buyer must pay on any overdue payments (such as being late on paying the deposit or the remaining amount at the settlement date).

### Check...

Always check your sale and purchase agreement with a lawyer before signing.

Buying or selling a property where the owner isn't able to participate, like a mortgagee sale or deceased estate, can mean the real estate professional has limited information about the property. It pays to allow for this when deciding what conditions the buyer and seller might need.

### General obligations and conditions you have to comply with

The sale and purchase agreement includes general obligations and conditions that you will need to comply with. For example, these may include:

- access rights – what access the buyer can have to inspect the property before settlement day
- insurance – to make sure the property remains insured until the settlement date and outline what will happen if any damage occurs before settlement day
- default by the buyer – the buyer may have to compensate the seller if they don't settle on time, for example, with interest payments
- default by the seller – the seller may have to compensate the buyer if they don't settle on time, for example, by paying accommodation costs
- eligibility to buy property in New Zealand – people who have migrated to New Zealand may not be permitted to immediately buy property or may need to get consent from the Overseas Investment Office.

Your lawyer will explain these clauses to you.

### Remember...

Before you sign a sale and purchase agreement, whether you're the buyer or the seller, the real estate professional must give you a copy of this guide. They must also ask you to confirm in writing that you've received it.

### Specific conditions a buyer may include

Some buyers will present an unconditional offer, which means there are no specific conditions to be fulfilled. Some buyers will include one or more conditions (that must be fulfilled by a specified date) in their offer such as:

- title search – this is done by the buyer's lawyer to check who the legal owner of the property is and to see if there are any other interests over the property such as caveats or easements
- finance – this refers to the buyer arranging payment, often requiring bank approval for a mortgage or loan
- valuation report – a bank may require the buyer to obtain a valuation of the property (an estimate of the property's worth on the current market) before they agree to a loan
- Land Information Memorandum (LIM) – provided by the local council, this report provides information about the property such as rates, building permits and consents, drainage, planning and other important information
- property inspection – a buyer paying for an inspection provides an independent overview of the condition of the property rather than relying on an inspection that has been arranged by the seller

- engineer's or surveyor's report – similar to the above but more focused on the entire section and the structure of the property
- sale of another home – the buyer may need to sell their own home in order to buy another.

The real estate professional helps the buyer and the seller to include the conditions they each want. Even though the real estate professional works for the seller, they also have to deal fairly and honestly with the buyer. While they're not expected to discover hidden defects, they can't withhold information and must tell the buyer about any known defects with the property. If a buyer needs time to check a property for defects, including a property inspection condition may be important.



## What happens after you sign the sale and purchase agreement

Signing the sale and purchase agreement is not the end of the sale or purchase process.

### Both parties work through the conditions until the agreement is unconditional

A conditional agreement means the sale and purchase agreement has one or more conditions that must be met by a specified date and before the sale goes through.

The buyer pays the deposit. Depending on what the sale and purchase agreement says, the buyer may pay the deposit when they sign the agreement or when the agreement becomes unconditional. If the deposit is made to the real estate agency, it must be held in their agency's trust account for 10 working days before it can be released to the seller.

### An agreement for sale and purchase commits you to buy or sell

Once you've signed the sale and purchase agreement and any conditions set out in it have been met, you must complete the sale or purchase of the property.

The length of time between the conditions being met and the settlement date varies. Settlement periods can be lengthy if the property hasn't been built yet or the sale and purchase agreement includes conditions for one party to buy or sell another property. The real estate professional has obligations to keep you informed of important updates that come up during this time.

### Pre-settlement inspection

This is the chance for the buyer to check the property and chattels are in the same condition they were when the sale and purchase agreement was signed and to check that the seller has met any conditions, for example, there is no damage to walls or chattels haven't been removed from the property.

It's important to raise any concerns you find at the pre-settlement inspection with your lawyer and the real estate professional as soon as possible to allow enough time for an issue to be resolved. If it's less than 24 hours before settlement, the vendor may not be obligated to set things right.

### Payment of a commission

Once the sale is complete, the seller pays the real estate professional for their services. The real estate agency usually takes the commission from the deposit they're holding in their trust account. The seller should make sure the deposit is enough to cover the commission. The real estate professional cannot ask the buyer to pay for their services if they have been engaged by the seller.

### The buyer pays the rest

The buyer pays the remainder of the amount for the property on the day of settlement, usually through their lawyer.

### Buying a tenanted property

If the property is tenanted, the agreement for sale and purchase should specify this. It may also contain a specific date for possession that may differ from the settlement date.

If the buyer requires the property to be sold with 'vacant possession', it is the seller's responsibility to give the tenant notice to vacate in accordance with the tenant's legal rights.

It is recommended that you seek legal advice if you are buying a property that is currently tenanted.

## What happens if you have a problem

If something has gone wrong, first discuss your concern with the real estate professional or their manager. All agencies must have in-house procedures for resolving complaints.

If you can't resolve the issue with the real estate agency or you don't feel comfortable discussing it with them, you can contact the Real Estate Authority (REA). We can help in a number of ways if your complaint is about the real estate professional. For example, we can help you and the real estate professional or agency to resolve

the issue and remind them of their obligations under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. When you contact us, we'll work with you to help you decide the best thing to do.

Call us on **0800 367 7322**, email us at **info@rea.govt.nz** or visit us online at **rea.govt.nz**

## About settled.govt.nz



### Settled.govt.nz guides you through home buying and selling.

Buying or selling your home is one of the biggest financial decisions you will make. It's a complex and sometimes stressful process with potentially significant emotional and financial impacts if things go wrong.

**Settled.govt.nz** provides comprehensive independent information and guidance for home buyers and sellers. You can find information about the risks and how they can impact you and get useful tips on how to avoid some of the major potential problems.

**Settled.govt.nz** will help to inform and guide you through the process from when you're thinking of buying or selling right through to when you're moving in or out. You'll find valuable information, checklists, quizzes, videos and tools. From understanding LIMs, to sale and purchase agreements, to when to contact a lawyer, **settled.govt.nz** explains what you need to know.

**Settled.govt.nz** is brought to you by the Real Estate Authority – Te Mana Papawhenua (REA).

### For more information

For more information on home buying and selling, visit **settled.govt.nz** or email **info@settled.govt.nz**



## About the Real Estate Authority – Te Mana Papawhenua (REA)

REA is the independent government agency that regulates the New Zealand real estate profession.

Our purpose is to promote and protect the interests of consumers buying and selling real estate and to promote public confidence in the performance of real estate agency work.

### What we do

- We promote a high standard of conduct in the real estate profession and protect buyers and sellers of property from harm.

- We provide independent information for people who are buying and selling property through our **settled.govt.nz** website.

- We provide guidance for real estate professionals and oversee a complaints process.

- We license people and companies working in the real estate industry.

- We maintain a Code of Conduct setting out the professional standards real estate professionals must follow.

- We maintain a public register of real estate professionals that includes information about disciplinary action taken in the last 3 years.

The Real Estate Agents Authority is a Crown agent, established under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. The Real Estate Authority is the operating name of the Real Estate Agents Authority.

### For more information

To find out more about REA, visit **rea.govt.nz**, call us on **0800 367 7322** or email us at **info@rea.govt.nz**



# AGREEMENT FOR SALE AND PURCHASE OF REAL ESTATE

This form is approved by the Real Estate Institute of New Zealand Incorporated and by Auckland District Law Society Incorporated.

**DATE:**

**VENDOR:**

Richard Gordon Keith Donaldson as to a 1/2 share Shona Anne Youngman as to a 1/2 share

**PURCHASER:**

and/or nominee

**The vendor is registered under the GST Act in respect of the transaction and/or will be so registered at settlement:**

**Yes/No**

If "Yes", Schedule 1 must be completed by the parties.

**Purchase price allocation (PPA) is relevant to the parties for income tax and/or GST purposes:**

**Vendor Yes/No**

If both parties answer "Yes", use of the PPA addendum for this agreement is recommended.

**Purchaser/Purchaser's Nominee Yes/No**

**PROPERTY**

**Address:** 9 Kaikorai Valley Road, Kaikorai, Dunedin 9010

**Estate:** **FREEHOLD**

**LEASEHOLD**

**STRATUM IN FREEHOLD**

**STRATUM IN LEASEHOLD**

**CROSS LEASE (FREEHOLD)**

**CROSS LEASE (LEASEHOLD)**

If none of the above are deleted, the estate being sold is the first option of freehold.

**Legal Description:**

**Area (more or less):**

509 m2

**Lot/Flat/Unit:**

Lot 2

**DP:**

Deposited Plan 8716

**Record of Title (unique identifier):**

OT14A/506

Together with all buildings and improvements at present thereon

**PAYMENT OF PURCHASE PRICE**

**Purchase price:** \$

**Plus GST (if any) OR Inclusive of GST (if any)**

If neither is deleted, the purchase price includes GST (if any).

**GST date** (refer clause 13.0):

**Deposit** (refer clause 2.0): \$ 10% of the purchase price shall be paid to Public Trust O/A NZ Real Estate Trust upon this agreement becoming unconditional

**Balance of purchase price to be paid or satisfied as follows:**

(1) By payment in cleared funds on the settlement date which is:

OR

(2) In the manner described in the Further Terms of Sale.

**Interest rate for late settlement:**

14% p.a.

**CONDITIONS** (refer clause 9.0)

**Finance required** (clause 9.1):

**Yes/No**

**Finance date:**

**LIM required** (clause 9.3):

**Yes/No**

**LIM date:**

**Building report required** (clause 9.4):

**Yes/No**

**Building report date:**

**Toxicology report required** (clause 9.5):

**Yes/No**

**Toxicology report date:**

**OIA consent required** (clause 9.6):

**Yes/No**

**OIA date** (clause 9.8):

**Land Act consent required** (clause 9.7):

**Yes/No**

**Land Act date** (clause 9.8):

**TENANCIES**

**Yes/No**

Particulars of any tenancies are set out in Schedule 3 or another schedule attached to this agreement by the parties.

It is agreed that the vendor sells and the purchaser purchases the property, and any chattels listed, on the terms and conditions of this agreement.

Release date: 9 May 2023

# GENERAL TERMS OF SALE

## 1.0 Definitions, time for performance, notices and interpretation

### 1.1 Definitions

- (1) Unless the context requires a different interpretation, words and phrases not otherwise defined have the same meanings ascribed to those words and phrases in the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985, the Property Law Act 2007, the Resource Management Act 1991 or the Unit Titles Act 2010.
- (2) "Accessory unit", "owner", "principal unit", "unit", and "unit plan" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Unit Titles Act.
- (3) "Agreement" means this document including the front page, these General Terms of Sale, any Further Terms of Sale, and any schedules and attachments.
- (4) "Associated person", "conveyancer", "offshore RLWT person", "residential land purchase amount", "RLWT", "RLWT certificate of exemption" and "RLWT rules" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Income Tax Act 2007.
- (5) "Building", "building consent", "code compliance certificate", "commercial on-seller", "compliance schedule" and "household unit" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Building Act.
- (6) "Building Act" means the Building Act 1991 and/or the Building Act 2004.
- (7) "Building report date" means the building report date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, means the fifteenth working day after the date of this agreement.
- (8) "Building warrant of fitness" means a building warrant of fitness supplied to a territorial authority under the Building Act.
- (9) "Cleared funds" means an electronic transfer of funds that has been made strictly in accordance with the requirements set out in the PLS Guidelines.
- (10) "Commissioner" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the Tax Administration Act 1994.
- (11) "Default GST" means any additional GST, penalty (civil or otherwise), interest, or other sum imposed on the vendor (or where the vendor is or was a member of a GST group its representative member) under the GST Act or the Tax Administration Act 1994 by reason of non-payment of any GST payable in respect of the supply made under this agreement but does not include any such sum levied against the vendor (or where the vendor is or was a member of a GST group its representative member) by reason of a default or delay by the vendor after payment of the GST to the vendor by the purchaser.
- (12) "Electronic instrument" has the same meaning as ascribed to that term in the Land Transfer Act 2017.
- (13) "Finance date" means the finance date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, means the tenth working day after the date of this agreement.
- (14) "Going concern", "goods", "principal place of residence", "recipient", "registered person", "registration number", "supply", "taxable activity" and "taxable supply" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the GST Act.
- (15) "GST" means Goods and Services Tax arising pursuant to the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985 and "GST Act" means the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985.
- (16) "Land Act date" means the Land Act date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, has the meaning described in clause 9.8.
- (17) "Landonline Workspace" means an electronic workspace facility approved by the Registrar-General of Land pursuant to the provisions of the Land Transfer Act 2017.
- (18) "Leases" means any tenancy agreement, agreement to lease (if applicable), lease, sublease, or licence to occupy in respect of the property, and includes any receipt or other evidence of payment of any bond and any formal or informal document or letter evidencing any variation, renewal, extension, review, or assignment.
- (19) "LIM" means a land information memorandum issued pursuant to the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987.
- (20) "LIM date" means the LIM date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, means the fifteenth working day after the date of this agreement, taking into account clause 1.1(45)(c).
- (21) "LINZ" means Land Information New Zealand.
- (22) "Local authority" means a territorial authority or a regional council.
- (23) "OIA consent" means consent to purchase the property under the Overseas Investment Act 2005.
- (24) "OIA date" means the OIA date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, has the meaning described in clause 9.8.
- (25) "PLS Guidelines" means the most recent edition, as at the date of this agreement, of the New Zealand Law Society Property Law Section Guidelines, issued by the New Zealand Law Society.
- (26) "Proceedings" means any application to any court or tribunal or any referral or submission to mediation, adjudication or arbitration or any other dispute resolution procedure.
- (27) "Property" means the property described in this agreement.
- (28) "Purchase price" means the total purchase price stated in this agreement which the purchaser has agreed to pay the vendor for the property and the chattels included in the sale.
- (29) "Purchase price allocation" means an allocation of the purchase price, and (if applicable) any other consideration for the property and the chattels included in the sale, to the property, chattels or any part thereof that affects a person's tax position under the Income Tax Act 2007 and/or the GST Act.
- (30) "Regional council" means a regional council within the meaning of the Local Government Act 2002.
- (31) "REINZ" means the Real Estate Institute of New Zealand Incorporated.
- (32) "Remote settlement" means settlement of the sale and purchase of the property by way of the purchaser's lawyer paying the moneys due and payable on the settlement date directly into the trust account of the vendor's lawyer, in consideration of the vendor agreeing to meet the vendor's obligations under clause 3.8(2), pursuant to the protocol for remote settlement recommended in the PLS Guidelines.
- (33) "Residential (but not otherwise sensitive) land" has the meaning ascribed to that term in the Overseas Investment Act 2005.
- (34) "Rules" means body corporate operational rules under the Unit Titles Act.

- (35) "Secure web document exchange" means an electronic messaging service enabling messages and electronic documents to be posted by one party to a secure website to be viewed by the other party immediately after posting.
- (36) "Settlement" means (unless otherwise agreed by the parties in writing) the moment in time when the vendor and purchaser have fulfilled their obligations under clause 3.8.
- (37) "Settlement date" means the date specified as such in this agreement.
- (38) "Settlement statement" means a statement showing the purchase price, plus any GST payable by the purchaser in addition to the purchase price, less any deposit or other payments or allowances to be credited to the purchaser, together with apportionments of all incomings and outgoings apportioned at the settlement date.
- (39) "Tax information" and "tax statement" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in the Land Transfer Act 2017.
- (40) "Territorial authority" means a territorial authority within the meaning of the Local Government Act 2002.
- (41) "Title" includes where appropriate a record of title within the meaning of the Land Transfer Act 2017.
- (42) "Toxicology report date" means the toxicology report date stated on the front page of this agreement, or if no date is stated, means the fifteenth working day after the date of this agreement.
- (43) "Unit title" means a unit title under the Unit Titles Act.
- (44) "Unit Titles Act" means the Unit Titles Act 2010.
- (45) "Working day" means any day of the week other than:
  - (a) Saturday, Sunday, Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, the Sovereign's Birthday and Labour Day;
  - (b) if Waitangi Day or Anzac Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday;
  - (c) a day in the period commencing on the 24th day of December in any year and ending on the 5th day of January (or in the case of the LIM date, ending on the 15th day of January) in the following year, both days inclusive;
  - (d) the day observed as the anniversary of any province in which the property is situated;
  - (e) the day on which a public holiday is observed to acknowledge Matariki, pursuant to the Te Kāhui o Matariki Public Holiday Act 2022; and
  - (f) any other day that the Government of New Zealand declares to be a public holiday.

A working day shall be deemed to commence at 9.00 am and to terminate at 5.00 pm.

1.2 Unless a contrary intention appears on the front page or elsewhere in this agreement:

- (1) the interest rate for late settlement is equivalent to the interest rate charged by the Inland Revenue Department on unpaid tax under the Tax Administration Act 1994 during the period for which the interest rate for late settlement is payable, plus 5% per annum; and
- (2) a party is in default if it did not do what it has contracted to do to enable settlement to occur, regardless of the cause of such failure.

1.3 Time for Performance

- (1) Where the day nominated for settlement or the fulfilment of a condition is not a working day, then the settlement date or the date for fulfilment of the condition shall be the last working day before the day so nominated.
- (2) Any act done pursuant to this agreement by a party, including service of notices, after 5.00 pm on a working day, or on a day that is not a working day, shall be deemed to have been done at 9.00 am on the next succeeding working day.
- (3) Where two or more acts done pursuant to this agreement, including service of notices, are deemed to have been done at the same time, they shall take effect in the order in which they would have taken effect but for clause 1.3(2).

1.4 Notices

The following apply to all notices between the parties relevant to this agreement, whether authorised by this agreement or by the general law:

- (1) All notices must be served in writing.
- (2) Any notice under section 28 of the Property Law Act 2007, where the purchaser is in possession of the property, must be served in accordance with section 353 of that Act.
- (3) All other notices, unless otherwise required by the Property Law Act 2007, must be served by one of the following means:
  - (a) on the party as authorised by sections 354 to 361 of the Property Law Act 2007, or
  - (b) on the party or on the party's lawyer:
    - (i) by personal delivery; or
    - (ii) by posting by ordinary mail; or
    - (iii) by email; or
    - (iv) in the case of the party's lawyer only, by sending by document exchange or, if both parties' lawyers have agreed to subscribe to the same secure web document exchange for this agreement, by secure web document exchange.
- (4) In respect of the means of service specified in clause 1.4(3)(b), a notice is deemed to have been served:
  - (a) in the case of personal delivery, when received by the party or at the lawyer's office;
  - (b) in the case of posting by ordinary mail, on the third working day following the date of posting to the address for service notified in writing by the party or to the postal address of the lawyer's office;
  - (c) in the case of email:
    - (i) when sent to the email address provided for the party or the party's lawyer on the back page; or
    - (ii) any other email address notified subsequently in writing by the party or the party's lawyer (which shall supersede the email address on the back page); or
    - (iii) if no such email address is provided on the back page or notified subsequently in writing, the office email address of the party's lawyer's firm appearing on the firm's letterhead or website;
  - (d) in the case of sending by document exchange, on the second working day following the date of sending to the document exchange number of the lawyer's office;
  - (e) in the case of sending by secure web document exchange, on the first working day following the date of sending to the secure web document exchange.
- (5) Any period of notice required to be given under this agreement shall be computed by excluding the day of service.

**1.5 Interpretation and Execution**

- (1) If there is more than one vendor or purchaser, the liability of the vendors or of the purchasers, as the case may be, is joint and several.
- (2) Where the purchaser executes this agreement with provision for a nominee, or as agent for an undisclosed or disclosed but unidentified principal, or on behalf of a company to be formed, the purchaser shall at all times remain liable for all obligations on the part of the purchaser.
- (3) If any inserted term (including any Further Terms of Sale) conflicts with the General Terms of Sale the inserted term shall prevail.
- (4) Headings are for information only and do not form part of this agreement.
- (5) References to statutory provisions shall be construed as references to those provisions as they may be amended or re-enacted or as their application is modified by other provisions from time to time.
- (6) Reference to a party's lawyer includes reference to a conveyancing practitioner (as defined in the Lawyers and Conveyancers Act 2006), engaged by that party, provided that all actions of that conveyancing practitioner (including without limitation any actions in respect of any undertaking or in respect of settlement) must strictly accord with the PLS Guidelines.

**2.0 Deposit**

- 2.1 The purchaser shall pay the deposit to the vendor or the vendor's agent immediately upon execution of this agreement by both parties or at such other time as is specified in this agreement.
- 2.2 If the deposit is not paid on the due date for payment, the vendor may at any time thereafter serve on the purchaser notice requiring payment. If the purchaser fails to pay the deposit on or before the third working day after service of the notice, time being of the essence, the vendor may cancel this agreement by serving notice of cancellation on the purchaser. No notice of cancellation shall be effective if the deposit has been paid before the notice of cancellation is served.
- 2.3 The deposit shall be in part payment of the purchase price.
- 2.4 The person to whom the deposit is paid shall hold it as a stakeholder until the latest of those of the following matters which are applicable to this agreement:
  - (1) the requisition procedure under clause 6.0 is completed without either party cancelling this agreement; and/or
  - (2) where this agreement is entered into subject to any condition(s) expressed in this agreement, each such condition has been fulfilled or waived; and/or
  - (3) where the property is a unit title:
    - (a) a pre-contract disclosure statement that complies with section 146 of the Unit Titles Act, and a pre-settlement disclosure statement that complies with section 147 of the Unit Titles Act, have been provided to the purchaser by the vendor within the times prescribed in those sections; and/or
    - (b) all rights of delay or cancellation under sections 149, 149A, 151, or 151A of the Unit Titles Act that have arisen have been waived or have expired without being exercised; and/or
    - (c) this agreement is cancelled pursuant to sections 149A or 151A of the Unit Titles Act; and/or
  - (4) this agreement is:
    - (a) cancelled pursuant to clause 6.2(3)(c); and/or
    - (b) avoided pursuant to clause 9.10(5).
- 2.5 Where the person to whom the deposit is paid is a real estate agent, the period for which the agent must hold the deposit as a stakeholder pursuant to clause 2.4 shall run concurrently with the period for which the agent must hold the deposit under section 123 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008, but the agent must hold the deposit for the longer of those two periods, or such lesser period as is agreed between the parties in writing as required by section 123 of the Real Estate Agents Act 2008, but in no event shall the deposit be released prior to the expiry of the requisition period under clause 6.0, unless the requisition period is expressly waived in writing.

**3.0 Possession and Settlement****Possession**

- 3.1 Unless particulars of a tenancy are included in this agreement, the property is sold with vacant possession and the vendor shall so yield the property on the settlement date.
- 3.2 If the property is sold with vacant possession, then subject to the rights of any tenants of the property, the vendor shall permit the purchaser or any person authorised by the purchaser in writing, upon reasonable notice:
  - (1) to enter the property on one occasion prior to the settlement date for the purposes of examining the property, chattels and fixtures which are included in the sale; and
  - (2) to re-enter the property no later than the day prior to the settlement date to confirm compliance by the vendor with any agreement made by the vendor to carry out any work on the property, the chattels and the fixtures.
- 3.3 Possession shall be given and taken on the settlement date. Outgoings and incomings in respect of the settlement date are the responsibility of and belong to the vendor.
- 3.4 On the settlement date, the vendor shall make available to the purchaser keys to all exterior doors that are locked by key, electronic door openers to all doors that are opened electronically, and the keys and/or security codes to any alarms. The vendor does not have to make available keys, electronic door openers, and security codes where the property is tenanted and these are held by the tenant.

**Settlement**

- 3.5 The vendor shall prepare, at the vendor's own expense, a settlement statement. The vendor shall tender the settlement statement to the purchaser or the purchaser's lawyer a reasonable time prior to the settlement date. If the property is a unit title, the vendor's settlement statement must show any periodic contributions to the operating account that have been struck prior to the settlement date (whether or not they are payable before or after the settlement date) and these periodic contributions to the operating account shall be apportioned. There shall be no apportionment of contributions to any long-term maintenance fund, contingency fund or capital improvement fund.

- 3.6 The purchaser's lawyer shall:
- (1) within a reasonable time prior to the settlement date create a Landonline Workspace for the transaction, notify the vendor's lawyer of the dealing number allocated by LINZ, and prepare in that workspace a transfer instrument in respect of the property; and
  - (2) prior to settlement:
    - (a) lodge in that workspace the tax information contained in the transferee's tax statement; and
    - (b) certify and sign the transfer instrument.
- 3.7 The vendor's lawyer shall:
- (1) within a reasonable time prior to the settlement date prepare in that workspace all other electronic instruments required to confer title on the purchaser in terms of the vendor's obligations under this agreement; and
  - (2) prior to settlement:
    - (a) lodge in that workspace the tax information contained in the transferor's tax statement; and
    - (b) have those instruments and the transfer instrument certified, signed and, where possible, pre-validated.
- 3.8 On the settlement date:
- (1) the balance of the purchase price, interest and other moneys, if any, shall be paid by the purchaser in cleared funds or otherwise satisfied as provided in this agreement (credit being given for any amount payable by the vendor under clause 3.12 or 3.13, or for any deduction allowed to the purchaser under clause 5.2, or for any compensation agreed by the vendor in respect of a claim made by the purchaser pursuant to clause 10.2(1), or for any interim amount the purchaser is required to pay to a stakeholder pursuant to clause 10.8);
  - (2) the vendor's lawyer shall immediately thereafter:
    - (a) release or procure the release of the transfer instrument and the other instruments mentioned in clause 3.7(1) so that the purchaser's lawyer can then submit them for registration;
    - (b) pay to the purchaser's lawyer the LINZ registration fees on all of the instruments mentioned in clause 3.7(1), unless these fees will be invoiced to the vendor's lawyer by LINZ directly; and
    - (c) deliver to the purchaser's lawyer any other documents that the vendor must provide to the purchaser on settlement in terms of this agreement, including where this agreement provides for the property to be sold tenanted, all leases relating to the tenancy that are held by the vendor and a notice from the vendor to each tenant advising them of the sale of the property and directing them to pay to the purchaser as landlord, in such manner as the purchaser may prescribe, all rent or other moneys payable under the leases.
- 3.9 All obligations under clause 3.8 are interdependent.
- 3.10 The parties shall complete settlement by way of remote settlement in accordance with the PLS Guidelines. Where the purchaser considers it is necessary or desirable to tender settlement, this may be effected (in addition to any other valid form of tender) by the purchaser's lawyer providing to the vendor's lawyer a written undertaking that:
- (1) the purchaser is ready, willing, and able to settle;
  - (2) the purchaser's lawyer has certified and signed the transfer instrument and any other instruments in the Landonline Workspace for the transaction that must be signed on behalf of the purchaser; and
  - (3) the purchaser's lawyer holds in their trust account in cleared funds the amount that the purchaser must pay on settlement.

#### **Last-Minute Settlement**

- 3.11 If due to the delay of the purchaser, settlement takes place between 4.00 pm and 5.00 pm on the settlement date ("last-minute settlement"), the purchaser shall pay the vendor:
- (1) one day's interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the portion of the purchase price paid in the last-minute settlement; and
  - (2) if the day following the last-minute settlement is not a working day, an additional day's interest (calculated in the same manner) for each day until, but excluding, the next working day.

#### **Purchaser Default: Late Settlement**

- 3.12 If any portion of the purchase price is not paid upon the due date for payment, then, provided that the vendor provides reasonable evidence of the vendor's ability to perform any obligation the vendor is obliged to perform on that date in consideration for such payment:
- (1) the purchaser shall pay to the vendor interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the portion of the purchase price so unpaid for the period from the due date for payment until payment ("the default period"); but nevertheless, this stipulation is without prejudice to any of the vendor's rights or remedies including any right to claim for additional expenses and damages. For the purposes of this clause, a payment made on a day other than a working day or after the termination of a working day shall be deemed to be made on the next following working day and interest shall be computed accordingly; and
  - (2) the vendor is not obliged to give the purchaser possession of the property or to pay the purchaser any amount for remaining in possession, unless this agreement relates to a tenanted property, in which case the vendor must elect either to:
    - (a) account to the purchaser on settlement for incomings in respect of the property which are payable and received during the default period, in which event the purchaser shall be responsible for the outgoings relating to the property during the default period; or
    - (b) retain such incomings in lieu of receiving interest from the purchaser pursuant to clause 3.12(1).
  - (3) If the parties are unable to agree upon any amount payable under this clause 3.12, either party may make a claim under clause 10.0.

#### **Vendor Default: Late Settlement or Failure to Give Possession**

- 3.13 (1) For the purposes of this clause 3.13:
- (a) the default period means:
    - (i) in clause 3.13(2), the period from the settlement date until the date when the vendor is able and willing to provide vacant possession and the purchaser takes possession; and

- (ii) in clause 3.13(3), the period from the date the purchaser takes possession until the date when settlement occurs; and
  - (iii) in clause 3.13(5), the period from the settlement date until the date when settlement occurs; and
- (b) the vendor shall be deemed to be unwilling to give possession if the vendor does not offer to give possession.
- (2) If this agreement provides for vacant possession but the vendor is unable or unwilling to give vacant possession on the settlement date, then, provided that the purchaser provides reasonable evidence of the purchaser's ability to perform the purchaser's obligations under this agreement:
  - (a) the vendor shall pay the purchaser, at the purchaser's election, either:
    - (i) compensation for any reasonable costs incurred for temporary accommodation for persons and storage of chattels during the default period; or
    - (ii) an amount equivalent to interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the entire purchase price during the default period; and
  - (b) the purchaser shall pay the vendor an amount equivalent to the interest earned or which would be earned on overnight deposits lodged in the purchaser's lawyer's trust bank account on such portion of the purchase price (including any deposit) as is payable under this agreement on or by the settlement date but remains unpaid during the default period less:
    - (i) any withholding tax; and
    - (ii) any bank or legal administration fees and commission charges; and
    - (iii) any interest payable by the purchaser to the purchaser's lender during the default period in respect of any mortgage or loan taken out by the purchaser in relation to the purchase of the property.
- (3) If this agreement provides for vacant possession and the vendor is able and willing to give vacant possession on the settlement date, then, provided the purchaser provides reasonable evidence of the purchaser's ability to perform the purchaser's obligations under this agreement, the purchaser may elect to take possession in which case the vendor shall not be liable to pay any interest or other moneys to the purchaser but the purchaser shall pay the vendor the same amount as that specified in clause 3.13(2)(b) during the default period. A purchaser in possession under this clause 3.13(3) is a licensee only.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of clause 3.13(3), the purchaser may elect not to take possession when the purchaser is entitled to take it. If the purchaser elects not to take possession, the provisions of clause 3.13(2) shall apply as though the vendor were unable or unwilling to give vacant possession on the settlement date.
- (5) If this agreement provides for the property to be sold tenanted then, provided that the purchaser provides reasonable evidence of the purchaser's ability to perform the purchaser's obligations under this agreement, the vendor shall on settlement account to the purchaser for incomings which are payable and received in respect of the property during the default period less the outgoings paid by the vendor during that period. Apart from accounting for such incomings, the vendor shall not be liable to pay any other moneys to the purchaser but the purchaser shall pay the vendor the same amount as that specified in clause 3.13(2)(b) during the default period.
- (6) The provisions of this clause 3.13 shall be without prejudice to any of the purchaser's rights or remedies including any right to claim for any additional expenses and damages suffered by the purchaser.
- (7) If the parties are unable to agree upon any amount payable under this clause 3.13, either party may make a claim under clause 10.0.

#### Deferment of Settlement and Possession

- 3.14 If:
- (1) this is an agreement for the sale by a commercial on-seller of a household unit; and
  - (2) a code compliance certificate has not been issued by the settlement date in relation to the household unit,
- then, unless the parties agree otherwise (in which case the parties shall enter into a written agreement in the form (if any) prescribed by the Building (Forms) Regulations 2004), the settlement date shall be deferred to the fifth working day following the date upon which the vendor has given the purchaser notice that the code compliance certificate has been issued (which notice must be accompanied by a copy of the certificate).
- 3.15 In every case, if neither party is ready, willing, and able to settle on the settlement date, the settlement date shall be deferred to the third working day following the date upon which one of the parties gives notice it has become ready, willing, and able to settle.
- 3.16 If:
- (1) the property is a unit title; and
  - (2) the settlement date is deferred pursuant to either clause 3.14 or clause 3.15; and
  - (3) the vendor considers on reasonable grounds that an extension of time is necessary or desirable in order for the vendor to comply with clause 8.3,
- then the vendor may extend the settlement date:
- (a) where there is a deferment of the settlement date pursuant to clause 3.14, to the tenth working day after the date upon which the vendor gives the purchaser notice that the code compliance certificate has been issued, provided the vendor gives notice of the extension to the purchaser no later than the second working day after such notice; or
  - (b) where there is a deferment of the settlement date pursuant to clause 3.15, to the tenth working day after the date upon which one of the parties gives notice that it has become ready, willing, and able to settle, provided the vendor gives notice of the extension to the purchaser no later than the second working day after such notice.

#### New Title Provision

- 3.17 (1) Where:
- (a) the transfer of the property is to be registered against a new title yet to be issued; and
  - (b) a search copy, as defined in section 60 of the Land Transfer Act 2017, of that title is not obtainable by the tenth working day prior to the settlement date,
- then, unless the purchaser elects that settlement shall still take place on the agreed settlement date, the settlement date shall be deferred to the tenth working day after the later of the date on which:

- (i) the vendor has given the purchaser notice that a search copy is obtainable; or
  - (ii) the requisitions procedure under clause 6.0 is complete.
- (2) Clause 3.17(1) shall not apply where it is necessary to register the transfer of the property to enable a plan to be deposited and title to the property to be issued.

#### 4.0 Residential Land Withholding Tax

- 4.1 If the vendor does not have a conveyancer or the vendor and the purchaser are associated persons, then:
- (1) the vendor must provide the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer, on or before the second working day before the due date for payment of the first residential land purchase amount payable under this agreement, with:
    - (a) sufficient information to enable the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer to determine to their reasonable satisfaction whether section 54C of the Tax Administration Act 1994 applies to the sale of the property; and
    - (b) if the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer determines to their reasonable satisfaction that section 54C of the Tax Administration Act 1994 does apply, all of the information required by that section and either an RLWT certificate of exemption in respect of the sale or otherwise such other information that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer may reasonably require to enable the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer to determine to their reasonable satisfaction the amount of RLWT that must be withheld from each residential land purchase amount;
  - (2) the vendor shall be liable to pay any costs reasonably incurred by the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer in relation to RLWT, including the cost of obtaining professional advice in determining whether there is a requirement to withhold RLWT and the amount of RLWT that must be withheld, if any; and
  - (3) any payments payable by the purchaser on account of the purchase price shall be deemed to have been paid to the extent that:
    - (a) RLWT has been withheld from those payments by the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer as required by the RLWT rules; and
    - (b) any costs payable by the vendor under clause 4.1(2) have been deducted from those payments by the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer.
- 4.2 If the vendor does not have a conveyancer or the vendor and the purchaser are associated persons and if the vendor fails to provide the information required under clause 4.1(1), then the purchaser may:
- (1) defer the payment of the first residential land purchase amount payable under this agreement (and any residential land purchase amount that may subsequently fall due for payment) until such time as the vendor supplies that information; or
  - (2) on the due date for payment of that residential land purchase amount, or at any time thereafter if payment has been deferred by the purchaser pursuant to this clause and the vendor has still not provided that information, treat the sale of the property as if it is being made by an offshore RLWT person where there is a requirement to pay RLWT.
- 4.3 If pursuant to clause 4.2 the purchaser treats the sale of the property as if it is being made by an offshore RLWT person where there is a requirement to pay RLWT, the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer may:
- (1) make a reasonable assessment of the amount of RLWT that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer would be required by the RLWT rules to withhold from any residential land purchase amount if the sale is treated in that manner; and
  - (2) withhold that amount from any residential land purchase amount and pay it to the Commissioner as RLWT.
- 4.4 Any amount withheld by the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer pursuant to clause 4.3 shall be treated as RLWT that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer is required by the RLWT rules to withhold.
- 4.5 The purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer shall give notice to the vendor a reasonable time before payment of any sum due to be paid on account of the purchase price of:
- (1) the costs payable by the vendor under clause 4.1(2) that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer intends to deduct; and
  - (2) the amount of RLWT that the purchaser or the purchaser's conveyancer intends to withhold.

#### 5.0 Risk and insurance

- 5.1 The property and chattels shall remain at the risk of the vendor until possession is given and taken.
- 5.2 If, prior to the giving and taking of possession, the property is destroyed or damaged, and such destruction or damage has not been made good by the settlement date, then the following provisions shall apply:
- (1) if the destruction or damage has been sufficient to render the property untenable and it is untenable on the settlement date, the purchaser may:
    - (a) complete the purchase at the purchase price, less a sum equal to any insurance moneys received or receivable by or on behalf of the vendor in respect of such destruction or damage, provided that no reduction shall be made to the purchase price if the vendor's insurance company has agreed to reinstate for the benefit of the purchaser to the extent of the vendor's insurance cover; or
    - (b) cancel this agreement by serving notice on the vendor in which case the vendor shall return to the purchaser immediately the deposit and any other moneys paid by the purchaser, and neither party shall have any right or claim against the other arising from this agreement or its cancellation;
  - (2) if the property is not untenable on the settlement date, the purchaser shall complete the purchase at the purchase price less a sum equal to the amount of the diminution in value of the property which, to the extent that the destruction or damage to the property can be made good, shall be deemed to be equivalent to the reasonable cost of reinstatement or repair;
  - (3) if the property is zoned for rural purposes under an operative District Plan, damage to the property shall be deemed to have rendered the property untenable where the diminution in value exceeds an amount equal to 20% of the purchase price; and
  - (4) if the amount of the diminution in value is disputed, the parties shall follow the same procedure as that set out in clause 10.8 for when an amount of compensation is disputed.
- 5.3 The purchaser shall not be required to take over any insurance policies held by the vendor.

**6.0 Title, boundaries and requisitions**

- 6.1 The vendor shall not be bound to point out the boundaries of the property except that on the sale of a vacant residential lot which is not limited as to parcels the vendor shall ensure that all boundary markers required by the Cadastral Survey Act 2002 and any related rules and regulations to identify the boundaries of the property are present in their correct positions at the settlement date.
- 6.2 (1) The purchaser is deemed to have accepted the vendor's title except as to objections or requisitions which the purchaser is entitled to make and notice of which the purchaser serves on the vendor on or before the earlier of:
- (a) the tenth working day after the date of this agreement; or
  - (b) the settlement date.
- (2) Where the transfer of the property is to be registered against a new title yet to be issued, the purchaser is deemed to have accepted the title except as to such objections or requisitions which the purchaser is entitled to make and notice of which the purchaser serves on the vendor on or before the fifth working day following the date the vendor has given the purchaser notice that the title has been issued and a search copy of it as defined in section 60 of the Land Transfer Act 2017 is obtainable.
- (3) If the vendor is unable or unwilling to remove or comply with any objection or requisition as to title, notice of which has been served on the vendor by the purchaser, then the following provisions will apply:
- (a) the vendor shall notify the purchaser ("a vendor's notice") of such inability or unwillingness on or before the fifth working day after the date of service of the purchaser's notice;
  - (b) if the vendor does not give a vendor's notice the vendor shall be deemed to have accepted the objection or requisition and it shall be a requirement of settlement that such objection or requisition shall be complied with before settlement;
  - (c) if the purchaser does not on or before the fifth working day after service of a vendor's notice notify the vendor that the purchaser waives the objection or requisition, either the vendor or the purchaser may (notwithstanding any intermediate negotiations) by notice to the other, cancel this agreement.
- 6.3 In the event of cancellation under clause 6.2(3), the purchaser shall be entitled to the immediate return of the deposit and any other moneys paid under this agreement by the purchaser and neither party shall have any right or claim against the other arising from this agreement or its cancellation. In particular, the purchaser shall not be entitled to any interest or to the expense of investigating the title or to any compensation whatsoever.
- 6.4 (1) If the title to the property being sold is a cross-lease title or a unit title and there are:
- (a) in the case of a cross-lease title:
    - (i) alterations to the external dimensions of any leased structure; or
    - (ii) buildings or structures not intended for common use which are situated on any part of the land that is not subject to a restricted use covenant;
  - (b) in the case of a unit title, encroachments out of the principal unit or accessory unit title space (as the case may be): then the purchaser may requisition the title under clause 6.2 requiring the vendor:
  - (c) in the case of a cross-lease title, to deposit a new plan depicting the buildings or structures and register a new cross-lease or cross-leases (as the case may be) and any other ancillary dealings in order to convey good title; or
  - (d) in the case of a unit title, to deposit an amendment to the unit plan, a redevelopment plan or new unit plan (as the case may be) depicting the principal and/or accessory units and register such transfers and any other ancillary dealings in order to convey good title.
- (2) The words "alterations to the external dimensions of any leased structure" shall only mean alterations which are attached to the leased structure and enclosed.
- 6.5 The vendor shall not be liable to pay for or contribute towards the expense of erection or maintenance of any fence between the property and any contiguous land of the vendor but this proviso shall not enure for the benefit of any subsequent purchaser of the contiguous land; and the vendor shall be entitled to require the inclusion of a fencing covenant to this effect in any transfer of the property.

**7.0 Vendor's warranties and undertakings**

- 7.1 The vendor warrants and undertakes that at the date of this agreement the vendor has not:
- (1) received any notice or demand and has no knowledge of any requisition or outstanding requirement:
    - (a) from any local or government authority or other statutory body; or
    - (b) under the Resource Management Act 1991; or
    - (c) from any tenant of the property; or
    - (d) from any other party; or
  - (2) given any consent or waiver, which directly or indirectly affects the property and which has not been disclosed in writing to the purchaser.
- 7.2 The vendor warrants and undertakes that at the date of this agreement the vendor has no knowledge or notice of any fact which might result in proceedings being instituted by or against the vendor or the purchaser in respect of the property.
- 7.3 The vendor warrants and undertakes that at settlement:
- (1) The chattels included in the sale listed in Schedule 2 and all plant, equipment, systems or devices which provide any services or amenities to the property, including, without limitation, security, heating, cooling, or air-conditioning, are delivered to the purchaser in reasonable working order, but in all other respects in their state of repair as at the date of this agreement (fair wear and tear excepted).
  - (2) All electrical and other installations on the property are free of any charge whatsoever and all chattels included in the sale are the unencumbered property of the vendor.
  - (3) There are no arrears of rates, water rates or charges outstanding on the property and where the property is subject to a targeted rate that has been imposed as a means of repayment of any loan, subsidy or other financial assistance made available by or through the local authority, the amount required to remove the imposition of that targeted rate has been paid.

- (4) Where an allowance has been made by the vendor in the settlement statement for incomings receivable, the settlement statement correctly records those allowances including, in particular, the dates up to which the allowances have been made.
  - (5) Where the vendor has done or caused or permitted to be done on the property any works:
    - (a) any permit, resource consent, or building consent required by law was obtained; and
    - (b) to the vendor's knowledge, the works were completed in compliance with those permits or consents; and
    - (c) where appropriate, a code compliance certificate was issued for those works.
  - (6) Where under the Building Act, any building on the property sold requires a compliance schedule:
    - (a) the vendor has fully complied with any requirements specified in any compliance schedule issued by a territorial authority under the Building Act in respect of the building;
    - (b) the building has a current building warrant of fitness; and
    - (c) the vendor is not aware of any reason, that the vendor has not disclosed in writing to the purchaser, which would prevent a building warrant of fitness from being supplied to the territorial authority when the building warrant of fitness is next due.
  - (7) Since the date of this agreement, the vendor has not given any consent or waiver which directly or indirectly affects the property.
  - (8) Any notice or demand received by the vendor, which directly or indirectly affects the property, after the date of this agreement:
    - (a) from any local or government authority or other statutory body; or
    - (b) under the Resource Management Act 1991; or
    - (c) from any tenant of the property; or
    - (d) from any other party,
 has been delivered forthwith by the vendor to either the purchaser or the purchaser's lawyer, unless the vendor has paid or complied with such notice or demand. If the vendor fails to so deliver or pay the notice or demand, the vendor shall be liable for any penalty incurred.
- 7.4 If the property is or includes part only of a building, the warranty and undertaking in clause 7.3(6) does not apply. Instead the vendor warrants and undertakes at the date of this agreement that, where under the Building Act the building of which the property forms part requires a compliance schedule:
- (1) to the vendor's knowledge, there has been full compliance with any requirements specified in any compliance schedule issued by a territorial authority under the Building Act in respect of the building;
  - (2) the building has a current building warrant of fitness; and
  - (3) the vendor is not aware of any reason, that the vendor has not disclosed in writing to the purchaser, which would prevent a building warrant of fitness from being supplied to the territorial authority when the building warrant of fitness is next due.
- 7.5 The vendor warrants and undertakes that on or immediately after settlement:
- (1) If the water and wastewater charges are determined by meter, the vendor will have the water meter read and will pay the amount of the charge payable pursuant to that reading; but if the water supplier will not make special readings, the water and wastewater charges shall be apportioned.
  - (2) Any outgoings included in the settlement statement are paid in accordance with the settlement statement and, where applicable, to the dates shown in the settlement statement, or will be so paid immediately after settlement.
  - (3) The vendor will give notice of sale in accordance with the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 to the territorial authority and regional council in whose district the land is situated and will also give notice of the sale to every other authority that makes and levies rates or charges on the land and to the supplier of water.
  - (4) Where the property is a unit title, the vendor will notify the body corporate in writing of the transfer of the property and the name and address of the purchaser.

## 8.0 Unit title and cross-lease provisions

### Unit Titles

- 8.1 If the property is a unit title, sections 144 to 153 of the Unit Titles Act require the vendor to provide to the purchaser a pre-contract disclosure statement and a pre-settlement disclosure statement in accordance with the Unit Titles Act. The requirements of this clause 8 are in addition to, and do not derogate from, the requirements of that Act.
- 8.2 If the property is a unit title, then except to the extent the vendor has disclosed otherwise to the purchaser in writing prior to the parties entering into this agreement, the vendor warrants and undertakes as follows as at the date of this agreement:
- (1) The information in the pre-contract disclosure statement provided to the purchaser was complete and correct to the extent required by the Unit Titles Act.
  - (2) Apart from regular periodic contributions, no contributions have been levied or proposed by the body corporate.
  - (3) There are no unsatisfied judgments against the body corporate and no proceedings have been instituted against or by the body corporate.
  - (4) No order or declaration has been made by any Court or Tribunal against the body corporate or the vendor under any provision of the Unit Titles Act.
  - (5) The vendor has no knowledge or notice of any fact which might result in:
    - (a) the vendor or the purchaser incurring any other liability under any provision of the Unit Titles Act; or
    - (b) any proceedings being instituted by or against the body corporate; or
    - (c) any order or declaration being sought against the body corporate or the vendor under any provision of the Unit Titles Act.
  - (6) The vendor is not aware of proposals to pass any body corporate resolution relating to its rules nor are there any unregistered changes to the body corporate rules.
  - (7) No lease, licence, easement, or special privilege has been granted by the body corporate in respect of any part of the common property.

- (8) No resolution has been passed and no application has been made and the vendor has no knowledge of any proposal for:
- the transfer of the whole or any part of the common property;
  - the addition of any land to the common property;
  - the cancellation of the unit plan;
  - the deposit of an amendment to the unit plan, a redevelopment plan, or a new unit plan in substitution for the existing unit plan; or
  - any change to utility interest or ownership interest for any unit on the unit plan.
- 8.3 If the property is a unit title, not less than five working days before the settlement date, the vendor will provide:
- a certificate of insurance for all insurances effected by the body corporate under the provisions of section 135 of the Unit Titles Act; and
  - a pre-settlement disclosure statement from the vendor, certified correct by the body corporate, under section 147 of the Unit Titles Act.
- 8.4 If the property is a unit title, then except to the extent the vendor has disclosed otherwise to the purchaser in writing prior to the parties entering into this agreement, the vendor warrants and undertakes as at the settlement date:
- Other than contributions to the operating account, long-term maintenance fund, contingency fund, or capital improvements fund that are shown in the pre-settlement disclosure statement, there are no other amounts owing by the vendor under any provision of the Unit Titles Act.
  - All contributions and other moneys payable by the vendor to the body corporate have been paid in full.
  - The warranties at clause 8.2(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8) are repeated.
- 8.5 If the property is a unit title and if the vendor does not provide the certificates of insurance and the pre-settlement disclosure statement under section 147 of the Unit Titles Act in accordance with the requirements of clause 8.3, then in addition to the purchaser's rights under sections 150, 151 and 151A of the Unit Titles Act, the purchaser may:
- postpone the settlement date until the fifth working day following the date on which that information is provided to the purchaser; or
  - elect that settlement shall still take place on the settlement date, such election to be a waiver of any other rights to delay or cancel settlement under the Unit Titles Act or otherwise.
- 8.6 If the property is a unit title, each party specifies that:
- any email address of that party's lawyer provided on the back page of this agreement, or notified subsequently in writing by that party's lawyer shall be an address for service for that party for the purposes of section 205(1)(d) of the Unit Titles Act; and
  - if that party is absent from New Zealand, that party's lawyer shall be that party's agent in New Zealand for the purposes of section 205(2) of the Unit Titles Act.
- 8.7 Unauthorised Structures – Cross-Leases and Unit Titles
- Where structures (not stated in clause 6.0 to be requisitionable) have been erected on the property without:
    - in the case of a cross-lease title, any required lessors' consent; or
    - in the case of a unit title, any required body corporate consent,
 the purchaser may demand within the period expiring on the earlier of:
    - the tenth working day after the date of this agreement; or
    - the settlement date,
 that the vendor obtain the written consent of the current lessors or the body corporate (as the case may be) to such improvements ("a current consent") and provide the purchaser with a copy of such consent on or before the settlement date.
  - Should the vendor be unwilling or unable to obtain a current consent, then the procedure set out in clauses 6.2(3) and 6.3 shall apply, with the purchaser's demand under clause 8.6(1) being deemed to be an objection and requisition.

## 9.0 Conditions and mortgage terms

- 9.1 Finance condition
- If the purchaser has indicated that finance is required on the front page of this agreement, this agreement is conditional upon the purchaser arranging finance for such amount as the purchaser may require from a bank or other lending institution of the purchaser's choice on terms and conditions satisfactory to the purchaser in all respects on or before the finance date.
  - If the purchaser avoids this agreement for failing to arrange finance in terms of clause 9.1(1), the purchaser must provide a satisfactory explanation of the grounds relied upon by the purchaser, together with supporting evidence, immediately upon request by the vendor.
- 9.2 Mortgage terms
- Any mortgage to be arranged pursuant to a finance condition shall be upon and subject to the terms and conditions currently being required by the lender in respect of loans of a similar nature.
- 9.3 LIM condition
- If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that a LIM is required:
    - that LIM is to be obtained by the purchaser at the purchaser's cost; and
    - this agreement is conditional upon the purchaser approving that LIM by the LIM date, provided that such approval must not be unreasonably or arbitrarily withheld.
  - If, on reasonable grounds, the purchaser does not approve the LIM, the purchaser shall give notice to the vendor ("the purchaser's notice") on or before the LIM date stating the particular matters in respect of which approval is withheld and, if those matters are capable of remedy, what the purchaser reasonably requires to be done to remedy those matters. If the purchaser does not give a purchaser's notice the purchaser shall be deemed to have approved the LIM. If through no fault of the purchaser, the LIM is not available on or before the LIM date and the vendor does not give an extension when requested, then unless the purchaser waives this condition, this condition shall not have been fulfilled and the provisions of clause 9.10(5) shall apply.

- (3) The vendor shall give notice to the purchaser ("the vendor's notice") on or before the third working day after receipt of the purchaser's notice advising whether or not the vendor is able and willing to comply with the purchaser's notice by the settlement date.
- (4) If the vendor does not give a vendor's notice, or if the vendor's notice advises that the vendor is unable or unwilling to comply with the purchaser's notice, and if the purchaser does not, on or before the fifth working day after the date on which the purchaser's notice is given, give notice to the vendor that the purchaser waives the objection to the LIM, this condition shall not have been fulfilled and the provisions of clause 9.10(5) shall apply.
- (5) If the vendor gives a vendor's notice advising that the vendor is able and willing to comply with the purchaser's notice, this condition is deemed to have been fulfilled, and it shall be a requirement of settlement that the purchaser's notice shall be complied with, and also, if the vendor must carry out work on the property, that the vendor shall obtain the approval of the territorial authority to the work done, both before settlement.

#### 9.4 Building report condition

- (1) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that a building report is required, this agreement is conditional upon the purchaser obtaining at the purchaser's cost on or before the building report date a report on the condition of the buildings and any other improvements on the property that is satisfactory to the purchaser, on the basis of an objective assessment.
- (2) The report must be prepared in good faith by a suitably-qualified building inspector in accordance with accepted principles and methods and it must be in writing.
- (3) Subject to the rights of any tenants of the property, the vendor shall allow the building inspector to inspect the property at all reasonable times upon reasonable notice for the purposes of preparation of the report.
- (4) The building inspector may not carry out any invasive testing in the course of inspection without the vendor's prior written consent.
- (5) If the purchaser avoids this agreement for non-fulfilment of this condition pursuant to clause 9.10(5), the purchaser must provide the vendor immediately upon request with a copy of the building inspector's report.

#### 9.5 Toxicology report condition

- (1) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that a toxicology report is required, this agreement is conditional upon the purchaser obtaining at the purchaser's cost on or before the toxicology report date, a toxicology report on the property that is satisfactory to the purchaser, on the basis of an objective assessment.
- (2) The purpose of the toxicology report shall be to detect whether the property has been contaminated by the preparation, manufacture or use of drugs including, but not limited to, methamphetamine.
- (3) The report must be prepared in good faith by a suitably-qualified inspector in accordance with accepted principles and methods and it must be in writing.
- (4) Subject to the rights of any tenants of the property, the vendor shall allow the inspector to inspect the property at all reasonable times upon reasonable notice for the purposes of carrying out the testing and preparation of the report.
- (5) The inspector may not carry out any invasive testing in the course of the inspection without the vendor's prior written consent.
- (6) If the purchaser avoids this agreement for non-fulfilment of this condition pursuant to clause 9.10(5), the purchaser must provide the vendor immediately upon request with a copy of the inspector's report.

#### 9.6 OIA consent condition

- (1) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that OIA consent is required, this agreement is conditional upon OIA consent being obtained on or before the OIA date on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the purchaser, acting reasonably, the purchaser being responsible for payment of the application fee. This condition is inserted for the benefit of both parties, but (subject to clause 9.6(2)) may not be waived by either party, and the vendor is not required to do anything to enable this condition to be fulfilled.
- (2) If the purchaser has indicated on the front page of this agreement that OIA consent is not required, or has failed to indicate whether it is required, then the purchaser warrants that the purchaser does not require OIA consent.

9.7 If this agreement relates to a transaction to which the Land Act 1948 applies, this agreement is conditional upon the vendor obtaining the necessary consent by the Land Act date.

9.8 If the Land Act date or OIA date is not shown on the front page of this agreement that date shall be the settlement date or that date 65 working days after the date of this agreement whichever is the sooner, except where the property comprises residential (but not otherwise sensitive) land in which case that date shall be the settlement date or that date 20 working days after the date of this agreement, whichever is the sooner.

#### 9.9 Resource Management Act condition

If this agreement relates to a transaction to which section 225 of the Resource Management Act 1991 applies then this agreement is subject to the appropriate condition(s) imposed by that section.

#### 9.10 Operation of conditions

If this agreement is expressed to be subject either to the above or to any other condition(s), then in relation to each such condition the following shall apply unless otherwise expressly provided:

- (1) The condition shall be a condition subsequent.
- (2) The party or parties for whose benefit the condition has been included shall do all things which may reasonably be necessary to enable the condition to be fulfilled by the date for fulfilment.
- (3) Time for fulfilment of any condition and any extended time for fulfilment to a fixed date shall be of the essence.
- (4) The condition shall be deemed to be not fulfilled until notice of fulfilment has been served by one party on the other party.
- (5) If the condition is not fulfilled by the date for fulfilment, either party may at any time before the condition is fulfilled or waived avoid this agreement by giving notice to the other. Upon avoidance of this agreement, the purchaser shall be entitled to the immediate return of the deposit and any other moneys paid by the purchaser under this agreement and neither party shall have any right or claim against the other arising from this agreement or its termination.

- (6) At any time before this agreement is avoided, the purchaser may waive any finance condition and either party may waive any other condition which is for the sole benefit of that party. Any waiver shall be by notice.

## 10.0 Claims for compensation

- 10.1 If the purchaser has not purported to cancel this agreement, the breach by the vendor of any term of this agreement does not defer the purchaser's obligation to settle, but that obligation is subject to the provisions of this clause 10.0.
- 10.2 The provisions of this clause apply if:
- (1) the purchaser claims a right to compensation (and in making such a claim, the purchaser must act reasonably, but the vendor taking the view that the purchaser has not acted reasonably does not affect the purchaser's ability or right to make such a claim) for:
    - (a) a breach of any term of this agreement;
    - (b) a misrepresentation;
    - (c) a breach of section 9 or section 14 of the Fair Trading Act 1986;
    - (d) an equitable set-off, or
  - (2) there is a dispute between the parties regarding any amounts payable:
    - (a) under clause 3.12 or clause 3.13; or
    - (b) under clause 5.2.
- 10.3 To make a claim under this clause 10.0:
- (1) the claimant must serve notice of the claim on the other party on or before the last working day prior to the settlement date, time being of the essence (except for claims made after the settlement date for amounts payable under clause 3.12 or clause 3.13, in respect of which the claimant may serve notice of the claim on the other party at any time after a dispute arises over those amounts); and
  - (2) the notice must:
    - (a) state the particular breach of the terms of this agreement, or the claim under clause 3.12, clause 3.13 or clause 5.2, or for misrepresentation, or for breach of section 9 or section 14 of the Fair Trading Act 1986, or for an equitable set-off; and
    - (b) state a genuine pre-estimate of the loss suffered by the claimant; and
    - (c) be particularised and quantified to the extent reasonably possible as at the date of the notice; and
  - (3) the claimant must not have made a prior claim under this clause 10.0 (to the intent that a claimant may make a claim under this clause 10.0 on only one occasion, though such claim may address one or more of the elements in clause 10.2).
- 10.4 If the claimant is unable to give notice under clause 10.3 in respect of claims under clause 10.2(1) or clause 10.2(2)(b) on or before the date that notice is due under clause 10.3(1) by reason of the conduct or omission of the other party, the notice may be served on or before the working day immediately preceding the last working day on which settlement must take place under a settlement notice served by either party under clause 11.1, time being of the essence.
- 10.5 If the amount of compensation is agreed, it shall be deducted from or added to the amount to be paid by the purchaser on settlement.
- 10.6 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under clause 10.2(1) but the vendor disputes that the purchaser has a valid or reasonably arguable claim, then:
- (1) the vendor must give notice to the purchaser within three working days after service of the purchaser's notice under clause 10.3, time being of the essence; and
  - (2) the purchaser's right to make the claim (on the basis that such claim is valid or reasonably arguable) shall be determined by an experienced property lawyer or an experienced litigator appointed by the parties. If the parties cannot agree on the appointee, the appointment shall be made on the application of either party by the president for the time being of the Auckland District Law Society. The appointee's costs shall be met by the party against whom the determination is made or otherwise as determined by the appointee.
- 10.7 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under clause 10.2(1) and the vendor fails to give notice to the purchaser pursuant to clause 10.6, the vendor is deemed to have accepted that the purchaser has a valid or reasonably arguable claim.
- 10.8 If it is accepted, or determined under clause 10.6, that the purchaser has a right to claim compensation under clause 10.2(1) but the amount of compensation claimed is disputed, or if the claim is made under clause 10.2(2) and the amount of compensation claimed is disputed, then:
- (1) an interim amount shall be paid on settlement by the party required to a stakeholder until the amount of the claim is determined;
  - (2) if the parties cannot agree on a stakeholder, the interim amount shall be paid to a stakeholder nominated on the application of either party by the president for the time being of the Auckland District Law Society;
  - (3) the interim amount must be a reasonable sum having regard to the circumstances, except that:
    - (a) where the claim is under clause 3.13 the interim amount shall be the lower of the amount claimed, or an amount equivalent to interest at the interest rate for late settlement for the relevant default period on such portion of the purchase price (including any deposit) as is payable under this agreement on or by the settlement date;
    - (b) neither party shall be entitled or required to undertake any discovery process, except to the extent this is deemed necessary by the appointee under clause 10.8(4) for the purposes of determining that the requirements of clauses 10.3(2)(b)-(c) have been met.
  - (4) if the parties cannot agree on the interim amount, the interim amount shall be determined by an experienced property lawyer, an experienced litigator, or, where the claim for compensation is made under clause 5.2, an experienced registered valuer or quantity surveyor appointed by the parties. The appointee's costs shall be met equally by the parties, or otherwise as determined by the appointee. If the parties cannot agree on the appointee, the appointment shall be made on the application of either party by the president for the time being of the Auckland District Law Society;
  - (5) the amount of the claim determined to be payable shall not be limited by the interim amount;

- (6) the stakeholder shall lodge the interim amount on an interest-bearing call deposit with a bank registered under the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989 in the joint names of the vendor and the purchaser;
  - (7) the interest earned on the interim amount net of any withholding tax and any bank or legal administration fees and commission charges shall follow the destination of the interim amount; and
  - (8) apart from the net interest earned on the interim amount, no interest shall be payable by either party to the other in respect of the claim for compensation once the amount of the claim has been determined, provided that if the amount determined is in excess of the interim amount, the party liable to make payment of that excess shall pay interest to the other party at the interest rate for late settlement on the amount of that excess if it is not paid on or before the third working day after the date of notification of the determination, computed from the date of such notification until payment.
- 10.9 Where a determination has to be made under clause 10.6(2) or clause 10.8(4) and the settlement date will have passed before the determination is made, the settlement date shall be deferred to the second working day following the date of notification to both parties of the determination. Where a determination has to be made under both of these clauses, the settlement date shall be deferred to the second working day following the date on which notification to both parties has been made of both determinations. However, the settlement date will only be deferred under this clause 10.9 if, prior to such deferral, the purchaser's lawyer provides written confirmation to the vendor's lawyer that but for the resolution of the claim for compensation, the purchaser is ready, willing and able to complete settlement.
- 10.10 The procedures prescribed in clauses 10.1 to 10.9 shall not prevent either party from taking proceedings for specific performance of this agreement.
- 10.11 A determination under clause 10.6 that the purchaser does not have a valid or reasonably arguable claim for compensation under clause 10.2(1) shall not prevent the purchaser from pursuing that claim following settlement.
- 10.12 Where a determination is made by an appointee under either clause 10.6 or clause 10.8, that appointee:
- (1) shall not be liable to either party for any costs or losses that either party may claim to have suffered in respect of the determination; and
  - (2) may make an order that one party must meet all or some the reasonable legal costs of the other party, and in making such an order the appointee may without limitation take into account the appointee's view of the reasonableness of the conduct of the parties under this clause.

#### 11.0 Notice to complete and remedies on default

- 11.1 (1) If the sale is not settled on the settlement date, either party may at any time thereafter serve on the other party a settlement notice.
- (2) The settlement notice shall be effective only if the party serving it is at the time of service in all material respects ready, willing, and able to proceed to settle in accordance with this agreement, or is not so ready, willing, and able to settle only by reason of the default or omission of the other party.
- (3) If the purchaser is in possession, the vendor's right to cancel this agreement will be subject to sections 28 to 36 of the Property Law Act 2007 and the settlement notice may incorporate or be given with a notice under section 28 of that Act complying with section 29 of that Act.
- 11.2 Subject to clause 11.1(3), upon service of the settlement notice the party on whom the notice is served shall settle:
- (1) on or before the twelfth working day after the date of service of the notice; or
  - (2) on the first working day after the 13th day of January if the period of twelve working days expires during the period commencing on the 6th day of January and ending on the 13th day of January, both days inclusive, time being of the essence, but without prejudice to any intermediate right of cancellation by either party.
- 11.3 (1) If this agreement provides for the payment of the purchase price by instalments and the purchaser fails duly and punctually to pay any instalment on or within one month from the date on which it fell due for payment then, whether or not the purchaser is in possession, the vendor may immediately give notice to the purchaser calling up the unpaid balance of the purchase price, which shall upon service of the notice fall immediately due and payable.
- (2) The date of service of the notice under this clause shall be deemed the settlement date for the purposes of clause 11.1.
- (3) The vendor may give a settlement notice with a notice under this clause.
- (4) For the purposes of this clause a deposit is not an instalment.
- 11.4 If the purchaser does not comply with the terms of the settlement notice served by the vendor then, subject to clause 11.1(3):
- (1) Without prejudice to any other rights or remedies available to the vendor at law or in equity, the vendor may:
    - (a) sue the purchaser for specific performance; or
    - (b) cancel this agreement by notice and pursue either or both of the following remedies, namely:
      - (i) forfeit and retain for the vendor's own benefit the deposit paid by the purchaser, but not exceeding in all 10% of the purchase price; and/or
      - (ii) sue the purchaser for damages.
  - (2) Where the vendor is entitled to cancel this agreement, the entry by the vendor into a conditional or unconditional agreement for the resale of the property or any part thereof shall take effect as a cancellation of this agreement by the vendor if this agreement has not previously been cancelled and such resale shall be deemed to have occurred after cancellation.
  - (3) The damages claimable by the vendor under clause 11.4(1)(b)(ii) shall include all damages claimable at common law or in equity and shall also include (but shall not be limited to) any loss incurred by the vendor on any bona fide resale contracted within one year from the date by which the purchaser should have settled in compliance with the settlement notice. The amount of that loss may include:
    - (a) interest on the unpaid portion of the purchase price at the interest rate for late settlement from the settlement date to the settlement of such resale;
    - (b) all costs and expenses reasonably incurred in any resale or attempted resale; and
    - (c) all outgoings (other than interest) on or maintenance expenses in respect of the property from the settlement date to the settlement of such resale.
  - (4) Any surplus money arising from a resale shall be retained by the vendor.

- 11.5 If the vendor does not comply with the terms of a settlement notice served by the purchaser, then, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies available to the purchaser at law or in equity the purchaser may:
- (1) sue the vendor for specific performance; or
  - (2) cancel this agreement by notice and require the vendor forthwith to repay to the purchaser any deposit and any other money paid on account of the purchase price and interest on such sum(s) at the interest rate for late settlement from the date or dates of payment by the purchaser until repayment.
- 11.6 The party serving a settlement notice may extend the term of the notice for one or more specifically stated periods of time and thereupon the term of the settlement notice shall be deemed to expire on the last day of the extended period or periods and it shall operate as though this clause stipulated the extended period(s) of notice in lieu of the period otherwise applicable; and time shall be of the essence accordingly. An extension may be given either before or after the expiry of the period of the notice.
- 11.7 Nothing in this clause shall preclude a party from suing for specific performance without serving a settlement notice.
- 11.8 A party who serves a settlement notice under this clause shall not be in breach of an essential term by reason only of that party's failure to be ready, willing, and able to settle upon the expiry of that notice.

## 12.0 Non-merger

- 12.1 The obligations and warranties of the parties in this agreement shall not merge with:
- (1) the giving and taking of possession;
  - (2) settlement;
  - (3) the transfer of title to the property;
  - (4) delivery of the chattels (if any); or
  - (5) registration of the transfer of title to the property.

## 13.0 Goods and Services Tax and Purchase Price Allocation

- 13.1 If this agreement provides for the purchaser to pay (in addition to the purchase price stated without GST) any GST which is payable in respect of the supply made under this agreement, then:
- (1) the purchaser shall pay to the vendor the GST which is so payable in one sum on the GST date;
  - (2) where the GST date has not been inserted on the front page of this agreement the GST date shall be the settlement date;
  - (3) where any GST is not so paid to the vendor, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor:
    - (a) interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the amount of GST unpaid from the GST date until payment; and
    - (b) any default GST;
  - (4) it shall not be a defence to a claim against the purchaser for payment to the vendor of any default GST that the vendor has failed to mitigate the vendor's damages by paying an amount of GST when it fell due under the GST Act; and
  - (5) any sum referred to in this clause is included in the moneys payable by the purchaser on settlement pursuant to clause 3.8(1).
- 13.2 If the supply under this agreement is a taxable supply, the vendor will deliver a tax invoice to the purchaser on or before the GST date or such earlier date as the purchaser is entitled to delivery of an invoice under the GST Act.
- 13.3
- (1) Without prejudice to the vendor's rights and remedies under clause 13.1, where any GST is not paid to the vendor on or within one month of the GST date, then whether or not the purchaser is in possession, the vendor may immediately give notice to the purchaser calling up any unpaid balance of the purchase price, which shall upon service of the notice fall immediately due and payable.
  - (2) The date of service of the notice under this clause shall be deemed the settlement date for the purposes of clause 11.1.
  - (3) The vendor may give a settlement notice under clause 11.1 with a notice under this clause.
- 13.4 Each party warrants that their response to the statement on the front page regarding purchase price allocation being relevant to the vendor or purchaser/purchaser's nominee for income tax and/or GST purposes is correct.

## 14.0 Zero-rating

- 14.1 The vendor warrants that the statement on the front page regarding the vendor's GST registration status in respect of the supply under this agreement and any particulars stated by the vendor in Schedule 1 are correct at the date of this agreement and will remain correct at settlement.
- 14.2 The purchaser warrants that any particulars stated by the purchaser in Schedule 1 are correct at the date of this agreement.
- 14.3 Where the particulars stated on the front page and in Schedule 1 indicate that:
- (1) the vendor is and/or will be at settlement a registered person in respect of the supply under this agreement;
  - (2) the recipient is and/or will be at settlement a registered person;
  - (3) the recipient intends at settlement to use the property for making taxable supplies; and
  - (4) the recipient does not intend at settlement to use the property as a principal place of residence by the recipient or a person associated with the recipient under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act,
- GST will be chargeable on the supply under this agreement at 0% pursuant to section 11(1)(mb) of the GST Act.
- 14.4 If GST is chargeable on the supply under this agreement at 0% pursuant to section 11(1)(mb) of the GST Act, then on or before settlement the purchaser will provide the vendor with the recipient's name, address, and registration number if any of those details are not included in Schedule 1 or they have altered.
- 14.5
- (1) If any of the particulars stated by the purchaser in Schedule 1:
    - (a) are incomplete; or
    - (b) alter between the date of this agreement and settlement,
 the purchaser shall notify the vendor of the particulars which have not been completed and the altered particulars as soon as practicable before settlement.
  - (2) The purchaser warrants that any added or altered particulars will be correct as at the date of the purchaser's notification.

- (3) If the GST treatment of the supply under this agreement should be altered as a result of the added or altered particulars, the vendor shall prepare and deliver to the purchaser or the purchaser's lawyer an amended settlement statement, if the vendor has already tendered a settlement statement, and a credit note or a debit note, as the case may be, if the vendor has already issued a tax invoice.

- 14.6 If
- (1) the particulars in Schedule 1 state that part of the property is being used as a principal place of residence at the date of this agreement; and
  - (2) that part is still being so used at the time of the supply under this agreement,
- then, the supply of that part will be a separate supply in accordance with section 5(15)(a) of the GST Act.

- 14.7 If
- (1) the particulars stated in Schedule 1 indicate that the recipient intends to use part of the property as a principal place of residence by the recipient or a person associated with the recipient under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act; and
  - (2) that part is the same part as that being used as a principal place of residence at the time of the supply under this agreement,
- then the references in clauses 14.3 and 14.4 to "the property" shall be deemed to mean the remainder of the property excluding that part and the references to "the supply under this agreement" shall be deemed to mean the supply under this agreement of that remainder.

- 14.8 If the particulars stated on the front page and in Schedule 1 indicate in terms of clause 14.3 that GST will be chargeable on the supply under this agreement at 0% pursuant to section 11(1)(mb) of the GST Act, but any of the particulars stated by the purchaser in Schedule 1 should alter between the date of this agreement and settlement, such that GST no longer becomes chargeable on the supply at 0%, then:

- (1) the purchase price shall be plus GST (if any), even if it has been expressed as being inclusive of GST (if any) on the front page of this agreement; and
- (2) if the vendor has already had to account to the Inland Revenue Department for the GST which is payable in respect of the supply under this agreement and did so on the basis that in accordance with clause 14.3 the GST would be chargeable at 0%, the purchaser shall pay GST and any default GST to the vendor immediately upon demand served on the purchaser by the vendor (and where any GST or default GST is not so paid to the vendor, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor interest at the interest rate for late settlement on the amount unpaid from the date of service of the vendor's demand until payment).

## 15.0 Supply of a Going Concern

- 15.1 If there is a supply under this agreement to which section 11(1)(mb) of the GST Act does not apply but which comprises the supply of a taxable activity that is a going concern at the time of the supply, then, unless otherwise expressly stated in this agreement:
- (1) each party warrants that it is a registered person or will be so by the date of the supply;
  - (2) each party agrees to provide the other party by the date of the supply with proof of its registration for GST purposes;
  - (3) the parties agree that they intend that the supply is of a taxable activity that is capable of being carried on as a going concern by the purchaser; and
  - (4) the parties agree that the supply made pursuant to this agreement is the supply of a going concern on which GST is chargeable at 0%.
- 15.2 If it subsequently transpires that GST is payable in respect of the supply and if this agreement provides for the purchaser to pay (in addition to the purchase price without GST) any GST which is payable in respect of the supply made under this agreement, then the provisions of clause 13.0 of this agreement shall apply.

## 16.0 Limitation of Liability

- 16.1 If a person enters into this agreement as trustee of a trust and is not a beneficiary of the trust, then that person will be known as an "independent trustee" and clauses 16.2 and 16.3 will apply.
- 16.2 The liability of an independent trustee under this agreement is limited to the extent of the indemnity from the assets of the trust available to the independent trustee at the time of enforcement of that indemnity.
- 16.3 However, if the entitlement of the independent trustee to be indemnified from the trust assets has been lost or impaired (whether fully or in part) by reason of the independent trustee's act or omission (whether in breach of trust or otherwise), then the limitation of liability in clause 16.2 does not apply, and the independent trustee will be personally liable up to the amount that would have been indemnified from the assets of the trust had the indemnity not been lost.

## 17.0 Counterparts

- 17.1 This agreement may be executed and delivered in any number of counterparts (including scanned and emailed PDF counterparts).
- 17.2 Each executed counterpart will be deemed an original and all executed counterparts together will constitute one (and the same) instrument.
- 17.3 This agreement shall not come into effect until each person required to sign has signed at least one counterpart and both vendor and purchaser have received a counterpart signed by each person required to sign.
- 17.4 If the parties cannot agree on the date of this agreement, and counterparts are signed on separate dates, the date of the agreement is the date on which the last counterpart was signed and delivered to all parties.

## 18.0 Agency

- 18.1 If the name of a licensed real estate agent is recorded on this agreement, it is acknowledged that the sale evidenced by this agreement has been made through that agent whom the vendor has appointed as the vendor's agent according to an executed agency agreement.
- 18.2 The scope of the authority of the agent under clause 18.1 does not extend to making an offer, counteroffer, or acceptance of a purchaser's offer or counteroffer on the vendor's behalf without the express authority of the vendor for that purpose. That authority, if given, should be recorded in the executed agency agreement.
- 18.3 The vendor shall be liable to pay the agent's charges including GST in accordance with the executed agency agreement.

**19.0 Collection of Sales Information**

- 19.1 Once this agreement has become unconditional in all respects, the agent may provide certain information relating to the sale to REINZ.
- 19.2 This information will be stored on a secure password protected network under REINZ's control and may include (amongst other things) the sale price and the address of the property, but will not include the parties' names or other personal information under the Privacy Act 2020.
- 19.3 This information is collected, used and published for statistical, property appraisal and market analysis purposes, by REINZ, REINZ member agents and others.
- 19.4 Despite the above, if REINZ does come to hold any of the vendor's or purchaser's personal information, that party has a right to access and correct that personal information by contacting REINZ at info@reinz.co.nz or by post or telephone.

**20.0 COVID-19 / Pandemic Provisions**

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that the Government of New Zealand or a Minister of that Government may, as a result of public health risks arising from a Pandemic, order restrictions on personal movement pursuant to the COVID-19 Public Health Response Act 2020 (or other legislation), and the effect of such restrictions may be that personal movement within or between particular regions is unlawful for the general population of those regions.
- 20.2 Where such a legal restriction on personal movement exists either nationally or in the region or district where the property is located:
  - (1) The date for satisfaction of any condition that has not yet been satisfied or waived will be the later of:
    - (a) the date that is 10 working days after the restriction on personal movement in the region or district in which the property is located is removed; or
    - (b) the date for satisfaction of the condition as stated elsewhere in this agreement.
  - (2) The settlement date will be the later of:
    - (a) the date that is 10 working days after all conditions are satisfied or waived; or
    - (b) the date that is 10 working days after the date on which the restriction on personal movement in the region or district in which the property is located is removed; or
    - (c) the settlement date as stated elsewhere in this agreement.
  - (3) Nothing in the previous provisions of this clause is to have the effect of bringing forward a date specified in this agreement.
- 20.3 Clause 20.2 applies whether such legal restriction on personal movement exists at, or is imposed after, the date of this agreement, and on each occasion such restriction is imposed.
- 20.4 Neither party will have any claim against the other for a deferral of a condition date or the settlement date under this clause 20.0.
- 20.5 For the purposes of this clause 20.0, "Pandemic" means the COVID-19 pandemic, or such other pandemic or epidemic that gives rise to Government orders restricting personal movement.

## Appendix

### 21.0 DEPOSIT

The Vendor and Purchaser agree that the deposit payable under this Agreement will be lodged with Public Trust, to be held on behalf of the Vendor and the Purchaser. NZ Real Estate Trust is an independent third party trust account service provided by Safekiwi (New Zealand) Limited. Safekiwi (New Zealand) Limited acts as a stakeholder in respect of the deposits paid into NZ Real Estate Trust. Interest earned on the deposit whilst it is held by Public Trust is payable to Safekiwi (New Zealand) Limited. Terms of Use can be viewed at [www.realestatetrust.co.nz/termsfuse](http://www.realestatetrust.co.nz/termsfuse).



## FURTHER TERMS OF SALE

Further Terms continued on Appendix page





**RECORD OF TITLE**  
**UNDER LAND TRANSFER ACT 2017**  
**FREEHOLD**  
**Search Copy**



  
R.W. Muir  
Registrar-General  
of Land

**Identifier** OT14A/506  
**Land Registration District** Otago  
**Date Issued** 09 December 1991

**Prior References**  
OT404/61

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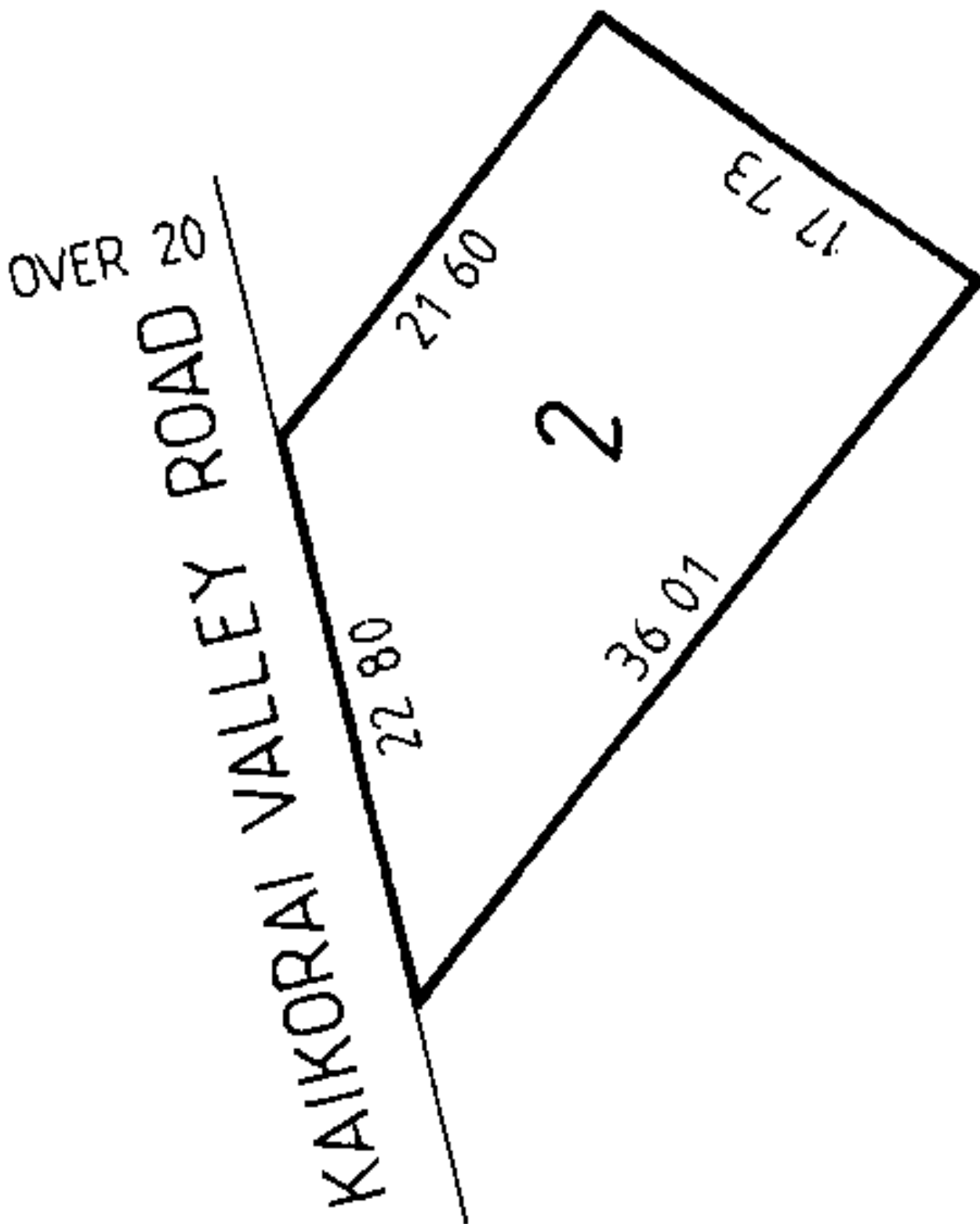
**Estate** Fee Simple  
**Area** 509 square metres more or less  
**Legal Description** Lot 2 Deposited Plan 8716

**Registered Owners**

Richard Gordon Keith Donaldson as to a 1/2 share  
Shona Anne Youngman as to a 1/2 share

---

**Interests**



**SCHEDULE 1****(GST Information – see clause 14.0)**

This Schedule must be completed if the vendor has stated on the front page that the vendor is registered under the GST Act in respect of the transaction evidenced by this agreement and/or will be so registered at settlement. Otherwise there is no need to complete it.

<b>Section 1 Vendor</b>	
1(a) The vendor's registration number (if already registered):	
1(b) (i) Part of the property is being used as a principal place of residence at the date of this agreement.	Yes/No
(ii) That part is: (e.g. "the main farmhouse" or "the apartment above the shop")	Yes/No
(iii) The supply of that part will be a taxable supply.	Yes/No
<b>Section 2 Purchaser</b>	
2(a) The purchaser is registered under the GST Act and/or will be so registered at settlement.	Yes/No
2(b) The purchaser intends at settlement to use the property for making taxable supplies.	Yes/No
<b>If the answer to either or both of questions 2(a) and 2(b) is "No", go to question 2(e)</b>	
2(c) The purchaser's details are as follows:	
(i) Full name:	
(ii) Address:	
(iii) Registration number (if already registered):	
2(d) The purchaser intends at settlement to use the property as a principal place of residence by the purchaser or by a person associated with the purchaser under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act (connected by blood relationship, marriage, civil union, de facto relationship or adoption).	Yes/No
<b>OR</b> The purchaser intends at settlement to use part of the property (and no other part) as a principal place of residence by the purchaser or by a person associated with the purchaser under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act. That part is: (e.g. "the main farmhouse" or "the apartment above the shop")	Yes/No
2(e) The purchaser intends to direct the vendor to transfer title to the property to another party ("nominee").	Yes/No
<b>If the answer to question 2(e) is "Yes", then please continue. Otherwise, there is no need to complete this Schedule any further.</b>	
<b>Section 3 Nominee</b>	
3(a) The nominee is registered under the GST Act and/or is expected by the purchaser to be so registered at settlement.	Yes/No
3(b) The purchaser expects the nominee at settlement to use the property for making taxable supplies.	Yes/No
<b>If the answer to either or both of questions 3(a) and 3(b) is "No", there is no need to complete this Schedule any further.</b>	
3(c) The nominee's details (if known to the purchaser) are as follows:	
(i) Full name:	
(ii) Address:	
(iii) Registration number (if already registered):	
3(d) The purchaser expects the nominee to intend at settlement to use the property as a principal place of residence by the nominee or by a person associated with the nominee under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act (connected by blood relationship, marriage, civil union, de facto relationship or adoption).	Yes/No
<b>OR</b> The purchaser expects the nominee to intend at settlement to use part of the property (and no other part) as a principal place of residence by the nominee or by a person associated with the nominee under section 2A(1)(c) of the GST Act. That part is: (e.g. "the main farmhouse" or "the apartment above the shop")	Yes/No

**SCHEDULE 2****List all chattels included in the sale**

(Strike out or add as applicable. If necessary complete on a separate schedule or the further terms of sale)

<del>Stove</del> ( )	<del>Rangehood</del> ( )	<del>Wall/under bench oven</del> ( )	<del>Cooktop</del> ( )
<del>Dishwasher</del> ( )	<del>Kitchen waste disposal</del> ( )	Light fittings ( )	Smoke detectors ( )
<del>Burglar alarm</del> ( )	<del>Heated towel rail</del> ( )	Heat pump ( )	<del>Garage door remote control</del> ( )
<del>Garden shed</del> ( )	Blinds	Curtains	<del>Drapes</del>
Fixed floor coverings	Bathroom extractor fan		

Both parties should check that Schedule 2 (list of chattels) includes an accurate list of all items which are included with the sale and purchase (in addition to, or as part of any building).

**SCHEDULE 3****Residential Tenancies**

Name of Tenant(s):

Rent:

Term:

Bond:

**Commercial/Industrial Tenancies**

(If necessary complete on a separate schedule)

**1. Name of Tenant(s):**

Rent:

Term:

Right of Renewal:

Other:

**2. Name of Tenant(s):**

Rent:

Term:

Right of Renewal:

Other:

**3. Name of Tenant(s):**

Rent:

Term:

Right of Renewal:

Other:

## WARNING AND DISCLAIMER

- This agreement is a standard form document. It is therefore likely that amendments and additions may need to be made in order to suit the circumstances of each of the vendor and the purchaser, and to suit the particular property involved. It is also important that you are certain that any amendments made correctly reflect your understanding of what has been agreed. **You should always get legal advice before you sign the agreement and throughout the buying and selling process.**
- ADLS and REINZ accept no liability whatsoever in respect of this document and any agreement which may arise from it.
- The vendor should check the correctness of all warranties made under clause 7, clause 8, and elsewhere in this agreement.
- In the case of a unit title, before the purchaser enters into the agreement, the vendor **must** provide to the purchaser a pre-contract disclosure statement under section 146 of the Unit Titles Act.
- The transaction may have tax implications for the parties and it is recommended that both parties seek their own professional advice regarding the tax implications of the transaction before signing, including:
  - the GST treatment of the transaction, which depends upon the GST information supplied by the parties and could change before settlement if that information changes; and
  - the income tax treatment of the transaction, including any income tax implications of purchase price allocation.

### PROFESSIONAL ADVICE SHOULD BE SOUGHT REGARDING THE EFFECT AND CONSEQUENCES OF ANY AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

#### Acknowledgements

Where this agreement relates to the sale of a residential property and this agreement was provided to the parties by a real estate agent, or by a licensee on behalf of the agent, the parties acknowledge that they have been given the guide about the sale of residential property approved by the Real Estate Authority and a copy of the agency's in-house complaints and dispute resolution process.

The person or persons signing this agreement acknowledge that either:

- they are signing in a personal capacity as the 'vendor' or 'purchaser' named on the front page, or
- they have authority to bind the party named as 'vendor' or 'purchaser' on the front page.

#### WARNING *(This warning does not form part of this agreement)*

**Before signing**, each party should read this entire contract and should obtain all relevant professional advice.

This is a binding contract. Once signed, you will be bound by the terms of it and there may be no, or only limited, rights to terminate it.

Signature of Purchaser(s):

Signature of Vendor(s):

Name:

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney\*

*If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity*

Name:

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney\*

*If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity*

Name:

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney\*

*If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity*

Name:

Director / Trustee / Authorised Signatory / Agent / Attorney\*

*If no option is deleted, the signatory is signing in their personal capacity*

\*If this agreement is signed under:

- a Power of Attorney – please attach a **Certificate of non-revocation** (available from ADLS: 4098WFP or REINZ); or
- an Enduring Power of Attorney – please attach a **Certificate of non-revocation and non-suspension of the enduring power of attorney** (available from ADLS: 4997WFP or REINZ).

Also insert the following wording for the Attorney's Signature above:

*Signed for [full name of the donor] by his or her Attorney [attorney's signature].*

**AGREEMENT FOR SALE AND PURCHASE OF REAL ESTATE****VENDOR:**

Richard Gordon Keith Donaldson as to a 1/2 share Shona Anne Youngman as to a 1/2 share

Contact Details:

**VENDOR'S LAWYERS:**

Firm: O'Neill Devereux

Individual Acting: Mike O'Neill

Email: mike@ond.co.nz

Contact Details: PO Box 909

Dunedin 9054  
Ph: 03 477 6801  
Fax: 03 479 0201

**Email address for service of notices** (clause 1.4): mike@ond.co.nz

**PURCHASER:**

Contact Details:

**PURCHASER'S LAWYERS:**

Firm:

Individual Acting:

Email:

Contact Details:

**Email address for service of notices** (clause 1.4):

**SALE BY LICENSED REAL ESTATE AGENT:** The Property Specialists Limited  
One Agency The Property Specialists

Manager: Stephen Johnston, AREINZ

Salesperson: Lawrence Peeters

lawrence.peeters@oatps.nz (021 992 993)

Second Salesperson:

Contact Details: Ph: 03 474 0526  
info@oatps.nz  
PO Box 1238  
Dunedin 9054

Licensed Real Estate Agent under Real Estate Agents Act 2008

**© Auckland District Law Society Inc. (ADLS) & Real Estate Institute of New Zealand Inc. (REINZ)**

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# Renewal of a fixed term Tenancy Agreement

Parties to this renewal document acknowledge and agree that the tenancy agreement of which this document (when signed) forms part, contains all the original terms, conditions, and covenants between the parties.

NOTE

## PROPERTY MANAGEMENT FIRM - KNOWN AS THE AGENT FOR THE LANDLORD

**Company / Agent** Bayleys Property Management Dunedin  
**Contact phone** **Contact mobile** 0274808131  
**Contact email** jordan.proctor@bayleys.co.nz

## CURRENT TENANCY AGREEMENT DETAILS

**Property Address** 9 Kaikorai Valley Road, Kaikorai, Dunedin 9010  
**Current tenancy start date** 15/04/2023 **End date** 14/04/2024 **Current rent amount** \$450.00

## DETAILS OF RENEWAL

**Renewal/New tenancy start date** 15/04/2024 **Renewal/New tenancy end date** 14/04/2025  
**Date new rent amount takes effect** 20/04/2024 **New rent amount (if applicable)** \$465.00  
**Current bond held** \$1,800.00 **Bond amount top up** \$  
**New bond total** \$1,860.00 **Bond equivalent of** 4 weeks rent

**Tenancy renewal terms and conditions** - If the terms and conditions of the existing agreement are staying the same, the landlord and tenant agree to the renewal of the existing tenancy agreement, that all other provisions of the existing tenancy agreement remain the same except for the change in term. All tenants on the original tenancy agreement must sign this agreement.

If the existing tenancy agreement is being varied, e.g. an existing tenant is leaving or a new tenant is joining, the landlord hereby agrees that rather than end the tenancy and start a new one, to permit this variation by consenting to the current tenants changing in name and / or number.

The parties agree, the renewal is subject to the conditions set out herein.

**Liability** - The remaining (including any new tenants that have joined), tenants acknowledge that they are jointly and severally bound in liability to the landlord and they assume liability for the rented property's condition and the report detailing it's entry condition and any current condition and for all covenants contained in the existing tenancy agreement.

All parties agree that the leaving / outgoing tenants are only released from liability after all parties have signed this document and the leaving / departing tenants have permanently vacated the tenancy premises.

**Bond** - The remaining (including any new tenants that have joined), tenants also agree that they accept liability for any existing rent arrears, and for the maintenance of a full bond. It is a further condition of this renewal that the remaining tenants accept liability to ensure the details of ownership of the full bond is correct and that the stated tenants will ensure that the bond records held at the Bond Centre of MBIE are correct.

**Rent Increases** - If this renewal agreement includes a reference to a rent increase, then on behalf of the landlord, the agent certifies that the tenant has been notified in writing and in accordance with S.24 to 28.B of the RTA 1986.

**Varying Terms & Conditions**

**Privacy Statement** - Purpose of the information collected: The collection of this information is governed by the Privacy Act 2020. This information is being collected by the agent for the purposes of: Completing a renewal of a tenancy.  
If the tenant has a pre-existing relationship with the property managers partner company Movinghub they may receive a phone call to either offer a renewal their utilities contracts as well.  
The intended recipients of the information are the agent for the landlord and the landlord.  
The agency will be both collecting and holding the information gathered, and Movinghub may be sent the head tenants basic information for the above stated purpose.  
The information gathered is not required by law. None of the information is mandatory.  
The Residential Tenancies Act 1986 makes provision for landlords being able to terminate tenancies where the tenant has supplied false or misleading information.  
The applicant has the right to request a copy of their information held at any time. For more information please visit:  
<https://privacy.org.nz/the-privacy-act-and-codes/privacy-principles/collection-of-information-from-subject-principle-3/>

**INSURANCE STATEMENT**

Is the property insured? ☒ Yes ☐ No **Tenants may request a copy of the policy/policies.**

Insurance type (e.g. Dwelling Insurance)

Dwelling Insurance

Excess information

\$550.00

**SMOKE ALARM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

Total No. of alarms at the property 3 At least one alarm per storey/level ☒ Yes ☐ No  
Last checked 01/11/2023 Alarm within 3 metres of all bedrooms ☒ Yes ☐ No  
Checked by SATS

**SMOKE ALARMS**

Type	Location	Is the smoke alarm new?	Expiry date
1. Photoelectric Smoke Alarm	Basement	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	01/01/2026
2. Photoelectric Smoke Alarm	Hall	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	01/01/2026
3. Photoelectric Smoke Alarm	Entry	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	01/01/2030
Smoke alarms assessed on <u>01/11/2023</u>			

**Notice to tenants** - The person/firm named in the "Property Management Firm/Agent Details", is an intermediary between the owner/principal/landlord and you as tenant. The agent is acting "as an agent for" or "on account of" the landlord.

**NOTE**

**TENANCY RENEWAL SIGNATURE SECTION | SIGNED BY THE TENANT/S**

Tenant 1 Philip Connor Date 13-3-24  
Name Philip Connor Remaining ☒ Joining ☐ Leaving ☐  
Email address for service econnor41@gmail.com Phone 020 4142 6780

**TENANCY RENEWAL SIGNATURE SECTION | SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD/LANDLORD'S AGENT**  
Property manager signature [Signature] Date 13/3/24 1(d)  
of Bayleys Property Management Dunedin acting as agent for and on behalf of  
the landlord Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman

**HEALTHY HOMES STATEMENT OF INTENT SIGNATURE SECTION | VERSION 2.0**  
**Declaration by Landlord(s) in respect of S.13A (1CA) Residential Tenancies Act 1986**  
Bayleys Property Management Dunedin acting as agent for  
Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman, declare:  
a. That on or after the commencement of the tenancy, I / We will comply with the healthy homes standards as required by S.45 (1) (bb) or 66 I (1)(bb) and  
b. including any information which may be prescribed by regulations made under S. 138 B (5) and  
(ICB) If there is a written variation or renewal of the tenancy agreement in accordance with S.13B (1), then I / We the landlord(s), further declare:  
a. That on or after the time when the variation or renewal takes effect, I / We will comply with the healthy homes standards as required by S.45(1)(bb) or S.66 I (1)(66) (as the case may be);and  
b. and including any information which may be prescribed by regulations made under S.138 B(5).  
**Property management agency | Signed by the landlord/landlord's agent**  
Property manager signature [Signature] Date 13/3/24 1(d)  
of Bayleys Property Management Dunedin acting as agent for and on behalf of  
the landlord Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman

# Healthy Homes Statement

## TENANCY ADDRESS

Address 9 Kaikorai Valley Road, Kaikorai, Dunedin 9010

## COMPLIANCE DATE

The healthy homes compliance date for this tenancy 15/04/2024

## HEATING

### 1. Heating standard exemptions

☒ No heating exemptions applies ☐ Heating exemption ☐ Partial exemption/Alternative options

### 2. Main living room required heating capacity

Heating capacity of the main living room 5.19 kW

### 3. Qualifying heaters

The type(s) of qualifying heater(s) installed in the main living room (e.g. heat pump, flued gas heater, modern wood burner) and heating capacity/capacities. If there is more than one, make sure to include each heater, and please note which heater has which kW:

1. Type Heat Pump Capacity 5.40 kW

### 4. Does the 'tolerance' or 'top up' allowance for existing heaters apply?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Heating standard assessed on 01/12/2021

## INSULATION

### CEILING INSULATION

#### 1. Does the ceiling insulation above all domestic living spaces meet the requirements of the insulation standard?

☒ Yes - Entire premises ☐ Yes - Some areas of the premises ☐ No - None of the premises

Do you know the R-value of ceiling insulation when it was installed?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Insulation thickness when last inspected 120MM

Date insulation was installed unknown Date insulation was last inspected 23/11/2020

Type of insulation

Mineral/Glass fibre

☒ I confirm the insulation is in reasonable condition (without any mould, dampness, damage or gaps)

### UNDERFLOOR INSULATION

**2. Does the underfloor insulation meet the requirements of the insulation standard?**

☒ Yes - Entire premises ☐ Yes - Some areas of the premises ☐ No - None of the premises

R-value of underfloor insulation when it was installed 1.3

Date insulation was installed unknown Date insulation was last inspected 23/11/2020

Type of insulation

Polyester

☒ I confirm the insulation is in reasonable condition (without any mould, dampness, damage or gaps)

**WALL INSULATION****3. Do the walls of the premises have insulation? Note: wall insulation is not compulsory in rental properties. You only need to include this information if it's known.**

☐ Yes - Entire premises ☐ Yes - Some areas of the premises ☐ No - None of the premises ☒ I don't know

If you don't know if there is wall insulation in any, or in some walls, explain why not and include confirmation that you have taken all reasonable steps to find the information.

No access

Insulation assessed on 01/12/2021

**VENTILATION****1. Windows in habitable spaces**

Do all habitable rooms in the property have one or more windows, doors or skylights that open to the outside and meet the requirements below?

☒ All habitable spaces ☐ Some habitable spaces

List all rooms at the property and whether or not they meet the ventilation standard. If not, briefly state how the specific exemption applies.

1. Location All Rooms Meet requirements yes

**2. Mechanical ventilation standard for kitchens and bathrooms**

Does each room in the rental property with an indoor cooktop, bath or shower have an extractor fan installed that vents to the outside and is in good working order? Complete one of sections (a), (b) or (c) for this question.

☒ All rooms ☐ Some rooms ☐ Not installed in any rooms

State the diameter or exhaust capacity of each extractor fan and which room(s) they are located in, if applicable. Extractor fans that vent to the outside and were installed before 1 July 2019 don't need to meet performance requirements of the ventilation standard. In this case, state below that you are relying on the modified standard for extractor fans installed before this date. If you select qualifying ventilation, you must state the exhaust capacity and a brief description of how it meets the definition of qualifying ventilation.

1. Location Kitchen Fan installed yes Installed pre 2019 yes

Statement

Reliant on provision 8, to modify the requirements of regulation 23

2. Location Bathroom Fan installed yes Installed pre 2019 no

Fan Diameter Ø 150 mm Fan Exhaust Capacity l/s

Ventilation assessed on 01/12/2021

## MOISTURE INGRESS AND DRAINAGE

1. Does the property have gutters and downpipes that efficiently drain storm, surface, and ground water to an appropriate outfall? ☒ Yes ☐ No

An appropriate outfall will generally be the storm water system provided by your local council. It could also be a properly working soakage system, natural watercourse, adequate water storage system or other constructed water way.

Note: It has been a requirement for all homes to have efficient drainage for the removal of storm water, surface water and ground water since 1947 as part of the Housing Improvement Regulations 1947.

2. Does the property have any enclosed subfloor spaces? ☒ Yes ☐ No

The subfloor is considered to be enclosed if the airflow into and out of the space is significantly obstructed along at least 50% of the perimeter.

3. Does the ground moisture barrier meet the standard? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Moisture ingress and drainage assessed on 01/12/2021

## DRAUGHT STOPPING

1. Does your property have any open fireplaces? ☐ Yes ☒ No

2. Is the property free from unintentional and unreasonable gaps or holes? ☒ Yes ☐ No

This includes gaps or holes that allow noticeable draughts in or out of the building. Areas include, but are not limited to, doors, windows, walls, floors and ceilings.

Draught stopping assessed on 01/12/2021

## HEALTHY HOMES SIGNATURE SECTION

Bayleys Property Management Dunedin acting as agent for  
Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman, declare that  
all reasonable efforts have been made to ensure this healthy homes statement is true and correct as at the date of signing.

### Property manager Details | Signed by the agent acting on behalf of the Landlord

Subsection (1CB) - Renewed or Varied Tenancy

On and after the time the variation or renewal of the tenancy takes place, the landlord will comply with the healthy homes standards as required by section 45(1)(bb) or, for boarding houses, 66(1)(bb), and will provide all information prescribed by regulations under section 138B(5).

Property manager signature

Date 13/3/24 1(d)

of

Bayleys Property Management Dunedin

acting as agent for and on behalf of

the landlord

Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman

PROPERTY MANAGER TaniaDATE 15/4/23ADDRESS 9 Kaukorai Valley Rd.TENANT (S) Philip Connor

PHONES : Home ..... Work .....

Mobile ..... Email .....

COMMENTS .....

TENANCY AGREEMENTCOMMENCEMENT DATE 15/04/23EXPIRY DATE 14/04/24RENT (AMOUNT) \$ 450.00

BOND TOTAL	\$ <u>1800.00</u>
LESS BOND TRANSFER	- \$ <u>      </u>
TENANT BOND PAYMENT	\$ <u>1800.00</u>
RENT PAYMENT	\$ <u>450.00</u>
TOTAL DUE BY TENANT	\$ <u>2250.00</u>

- ☒ Put tenants Into computer
- ☒ Inspection date 26/04/23
- ☒ Advise reception to remove from all lists
- ☒ Charge owner 635
- ☐ Inventory
- ☒ Scan tenancy agreement & application

- ☒ Put bond form in basket
- ☐
- ☐
- ☐
- ☐
- ☐



# Tenancy Agreement

RTA S13A minimum information designated by S.S number.

TENANCY ADDRESS			
Address	9 Kaikorai Valley Road, Kaikorai, Dunedin 9010		1(c), 1(g)

TENANCY TERM			
Term type	Fixed	Start date	15/04/2023 1(e) End date 14/04/2024 1(p)

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT FIRM - KNOWN AS THE AGENT FOR THE LANDLORD			
Company / Agent	Metro Otago Property Management		1(a)
Address for service	308 Highgate, Roslyn, Dunedin, 9010		1(a)
Contact person	Tania Henderson		
Contact phone	Contact mobile	0274808131	
Email address for service	tania.henderson@bayleymetro.co.nz		1(aa)

<b>Notice to tenants</b> - The person/firm named in the "Property Management Firm/Agent Details", is an intermediary between the owner/principal/landlord and you as tenant. The agent is acting "as an agent for" or "on account of" the landlord.	NOTE
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LANDLORD DETAILS, ADDRESS FOR SERVICE, AND CONTACT EMAIL - KNOWN AS THE OWNER / PRINCIPAL / LANDLORD	
Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman, C/O Metro Otago Property Management, 308 Highgate, Roslyn, Dunedin, 9010	

CHATELS PROVIDED WITH THE TENANCY	
Fixed floor coverings, Curtains, Light fittings, Stove, Rangehood, Heat Pump, Hob	

TENANCY COSTS					
Rent	\$450.00	1(j)	Bond	\$1,800.00	1(i)
Rent frequency	Weekly	1(k)	Rent in advance	\$450.00	
1st rent payment date	21/04/2023		Move in total	\$2,250.00	

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT COMPANY BANK ACCOUNT			
Bank	ASB	Account number	12-3196-0015178-02 1(l)
Account name	Metro Otago Property Management Ltd		
Branch	CBD	Reference	T480066

Rent shall be paid weekly in advance up to the termination of the tenancy, direct to the bank account of the agent, details set out above. Note, payments to be made on time in a single sum.

PC.

**TENANT 1 DETAILS**

Name	Philip Connor		1(b)
Cell phone	020 4142 6780	1(ba)	Home phone
Work phone			Under 18 years old? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Email address of service	ec Connor41@gmail.com		1(bb)
Licence	A850033 (733)		Passport number
18+ card number			Extra ID
Address for Service - Is the tenant(s) address for service the same as the tenancy address?			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
If no, state address			1(b)
Emergency contact / duly authorised agent			
Name			
Phone		Relationship	
Address			

**ADDITIONAL RESIDENTS****MAXIMUM RESIDENTS**

Maximum number of residents and tenants (combined) to reside at the property must not exceed 1 (One)

**MOVING SERVICES**

Electricity

**LIABILITY****POWER**

Meter number \_\_\_\_\_ Reading \_\_\_\_\_ Date monitored \_\_\_\_\_ Liability ☒ Tenant ☐ Landlord ☐ N/A

GARDENS-Liability ☒ Tenant ☐ Landlord ☐ N/A

LAWNS-Liability ☒ Tenant ☐ Landlord ☐ N/A

**SMOKERS**

Smokers allowed? ☐ Yes ☒ No

**PETS**

Pets allowed? ☐ Yes ☒ No

**TERMS & CONDITIONS FOR AGREEMENT**

- Agreement** - The tenant confirms they have completed the tenancy application themselves and the information contained is true and correct. The tenant also agrees that the application forms part of this tenancy agreement.
- Applicants Consents** - I agree to the collection, use and disclosure of my personal information for the following purposes, and warrant that I have supplied all information on this form freely, including my drivers licence details and passport details. I agree that any information found through any third party databases that relates to me can also be used for the purposes outlined in this application.
- Dangerous substances** - The Tenant agrees neither to keep nor store any heating device or fuel for the same in or about the Property nor to store any potentially combustible substance in or about the Property unless the storage complies with the Dangerous Goods Regulations 1976. The Tenant agrees not to do anything that would render the Property uninsurable, or cause the Insurance premium to be increased.
- Jurisdiction** - The parties hereby agree that the Residential Tenancies Act 1986 shall apply to and affect this agreement and the Tenant agrees to rent the premises at the above stated Property.
- Liability** - The tenants hereby agree that they are jointly and severally liable to the landlord for any debt due arising out of the tenancy agreement between the parties, and for the performance of all covenants set out in the tenancy agreement or the Residential Tenancies Act 1986. This clause shall include the giving of Notice to terminate a periodic tenancy by any one tenant where there are two or more tenants. In any periodic tenancy, even if the other tenants do not concur with the giving of the notice.

6. **Purpose** - The purpose for the collection of the tenants information is: To create a tenancy agreement To verify the tenants identity, perform background checks, reference checks and credit checks through the Centrix and or Equifax credit bureaus or a search of the Personal Property Security Register. To check the publicly available Ministry of Justice court databases. If there is an unpaid debt at the end of the tenancy, the tenants information may be provided to a debt collection agency for debt collection purposes. If the tenants indicate that they would like move services such as power, internet or phone to be connected at the property a representative from Moving Hub may contact the tenants, via phone or email.
7. **Recipient of Information** - The Information is provided by you to the Owner/Landlord/Agent/Property Manager.
8. **Smoke Detectors And Escape From Fire** - The Tenant agrees not to tamper, or attempt to disable, disconnect or interfere in any way with any smoke alarm or any other means of escape from fire, and not to permit any occupant, guest, or visitor to do the same. The Tenant agrees that the Tenant is liable for checking and replacing the smoke alarm batteries. The Tenant agrees to advise the Landlord immediately should the alarm become inoperable for any reason.
9. **Statement of Intent** - The tenant acknowledges that there is a legal requirement for a Healthy Homes "Statement of Intent" to be included in the tenancy agreement. There is a further legal requirement that the Statement of Intent must also be signed separately by the landlord or landlords agent. The tenant further acknowledges that the landlord or landlord's agent's signature on the Statement of Intent applies only to the Healthy Homes Statement of Intent, not to the agreement itself. The tenancy agreement is legally binding only when both the tenant and landlord or landlord's agent have signed their respective "Tenancy Agreement Signature Section".
10. **Use of Property** - The Tenant agrees to use the Property principally for residential purposes and not use it for any unlawful purpose. The Tenant agrees not to possess or take illegal substances in the Property and not to allow any other occupants, guests or invitees to possess or take illegal substances into the Property or use the Property in any way for any unlawful purpose.
11. **Callout Charge** - The Tenant agrees to pay any reasonable callout charge if: • The Tenant does not adhere to prior arrangement for entry • Where no fault is found • The repairs are due to damage or negligence by the Tenant. Where the tenant requires the landlord's agent to instruct a contractor to attend the tenancy premises to conduct some work and if the agent does instruct a contractor to attend the tenancy premises and the contractor cannot gain entry because of the tenants default or does gain entry but cannot find any fault or does complete work which can be attributed to the tenants negligence, then the reasonable cost of the contractor may be charged to the tenant.
12. **Carpets, Drapes and Curtains** - The Tenant agrees that at the conclusion of the tenancy, the carpets will be inspected and if the carpets are found to be below the standard of "reasonably clean and tidy" then the Landlord or agent may require the Tenant to have the carpets cleaned to return the carpets to the standard of cleanliness set out in the Residential Tenancies Act 1986.
13. **Collection Costs** - If, at the end of the tenancy, there is an unsatisfied debt by way of Money Order, the Tenant agrees that the Tenant is liable for and shall pay for all costs of recovery of the Money Order, which costs shall be collected by a debt collection agency. Costs payable by the debtor shall include legal fees, commissions, fees and disbursements, and/or court filing fees and disbursements.
14. **Drains and Wastes** - The Tenant agrees to keep all drains, sink wastes and sanitary appliances clear and free from obstruction.
15. **Excessive Noise** - The Tenant agrees to keep the noise to a reasonable level and be considerate of neighbouring properties, their occupants and other Tenants.
16. **Inspections and Photographs** - The Tenant acknowledges that photographs or videos will be taken to record the condition of the Property. The Tenant agrees to move or cover any personal effects that might be photographed. If the Tenant fails to move or cover any item, then the Tenant agrees to those items being included in any photographic record.
17. **Landlord's Right of Entry** - The Landlord or the Landlord's agent has the right to inspect the Property no more than once every 4 weeks, provided 48 hours notice has been given by the Landlord or 24 hours notice for a tradesman carrying out necessary maintenance.
18. **Lawns and Gardens** - The Tenant agrees to keep the Property including lawns and gardens in a reasonably clean and tidy condition free from rubbish and papers. The Tenant also agrees not to damage or remove any tree, shrub or bush from the Property. The Tenant agrees to keep the lawns and gardens weeded and in a generally tidy condition. The Tenant shall be responsible for the removal of garden waste.
19. **Light Bulbs** - Keeping the light bulbs in working order for the Property is the Tenant's responsibility. The Tenant agrees to use the correct light bulb for the socket, and for them to all be in working order at the end of the tenancy.
20. **Maintenance Consent** - The tenant consents to their contact information being supplied to relevant contractors should maintenance, replacement, removal or installation work be required to be completed at the property.
21. **Maximum Numbers** - The Tenant is responsible to restrict the number of occupants residing at the Tenanted Property to the maximum number of occupants specified in the tenancy agreement.
22. **Methamphetamine Testing** - Upon proper notice, the Landlord may enter the Tenanted Property to conduct a test for the presence of methamphetamine, with or without the assistance of an expert.
23. **Outgoings** - The Tenant agrees to pay for all outgoing expenses exclusively attributable to the Tenant's occupation including electricity, gas, gas to heat hot water, telephone and internet charges.
24. **Pets** - The Tenant agrees not to keep or feed or allow or permit any other person to keep or feed or allow any pet or other animal on or about the Property unless the Landlord agrees otherwise and modifies this agreement in writing to reflect Landlord's permission.
25. **Property Inspection Report** - At the time of occupation, the Tenant shall complete a Property Inspection Report in conjunction with the Landlord or Landlord's agent, expressly detailing the standard of cleanliness and maintenance requirements of the Tenanted Property. If the subsequent Property Inspection Reports during the tenancy show the Tenant has not maintained the upkeep of the Property, the Landlord may issue a 14 day notice to remedy the issue.
26. **Rent Reviews** - The Landlord may review the rent from time to time and may increase the rent in accordance with Section 24 of the Residential Tenancies Act 1986. No increase will take effect within 12 months after the date of the commencement of the tenancy or within 12 months after the date on which the last increase took effect.
27. **Repairs** - The Tenant agrees to notify the Landlord as soon as possible after the discovery of any damage or the need for repairs. The Tenant shall not arrange for any maintenance or repairs without the Landlord's prior consent.
28. **Smoking and Illegal Substances** - The Tenant agrees not to smoke cigarettes, cigars, vaporisers or electronic cigarettes, (recognizing that all can set off smoke alarms) or possess or take illegal substances into the Tenancy Property and not to allow any other occupants, guests or invitees to do any of the above, or to use the Property in any way for any unlawful purpose.
29. **Subletting** - The Tenant shall not, without prior written consent from the Landlord or Property Manager: 1. Sublet or part with possession of the Property belonging to the Landlord. 2. Rent out the Property, or part thereof, on a short-term or daily basis or for the third parties' holiday purposes for financial reward. 3. Fail to continue to use Tenancy Property during the tenancy as a "principal" place of residence of the Tenant and authorised occupants. 4. Cause or permit the Landlord's Insurance policy to be vitiated or to cause an increase in premium, or excess. 5. Conduct business where council consent is required without council consent. 6. Permit any person to holiday in the Tenancy Property for financial reward when that person has not been approved by the Property Manager or Landlord. 7. Rent out the Tenancy Property or any portion of the tenancy Property when the Tenant is not personally present to supervise the security of the Property and behaviour of the occupants.
30. **Tenants Obligation to Leave** - On termination of the tenancy, the Tenant shall actually quit the tenancy on the last day. The Tenant further agrees that at the termination of the tenancy, to return all pass cards, remote controlled door openers or keys belonging to the Landlord and remove all rubbish and personal belongings. Failure to do so may result in professional cleaning, replacement of keys or other costs to be paid by the Tenant.
31. **Ventilation** - The Tenant agrees to keep the Property well ventilated at all practical times when the Tenant is personally in residence, to prevent the build up of mould and mildew. If the Tenant is using an LPG gas bottle heater, the Tenant must ensure that it is not used in bedrooms and at all other times ensure that the house is well ventilated. It is recommended that this type of heater is not used for Health and Safety and moisture reasons.

#### ADDITIONAL TERMS & CONDITIONS

1. **Alterations / Maintenance / Care** - The tenant agrees not to make any alteration to the premises nor to drive nails or screws into the walls nor affix any kind of adhesive tape or blue tack to the walls. The tenant agrees not to deface or damage any walls, floors, woodwork, stonework, ironwork or any of the landlord's fixtures and fittings. The tenant agrees to use only picture hooks to hang pictures. The tenant shall keep the interior of the premises and the decorations in good and clean condition, (reasonable wear / tear excepted) The tenant must repair damage to walls caused by way of Sellotape, blue tack, nails, odd tacks and any adhesives and this must be re-instated to the standard agreed to and the satisfaction of the landlord and/or the

TPS V8.3 | TA480066 / P6276632

premises owner. The tenant must ensure that no decorating or painting or structural changes are carried out on the premises without the express written approval of the landlord and/or the premises owner. The tenant shall pay for any cleaning services that may be required to reinstate the premises at the end of the tenancy to the same order, including carpets and curtains that have been soiled during the tenancy. The tenant must repair (to an adequate & professional like standard) or replace any fixtures or chattels (internal or external) damaged during the tenancy by the tenant to the approval of the landlord and/or the premises owner. The tenant shall also ensure that (when fitted) all heat pump filters are cleaned monthly. Kitchen bench tops shall not be used for cutting on directly or for very hot pots or pans.

2. **Asbestos** - The tenant acknowledges that asbestos in some form, may exist in or about the tenancy premises if the premises were built prior to the year 2000. The tenant agrees not to do work, drill, cut, or otherwise damage any wall or other surface of the tenancy premises or other building which might release asbestos fibers into the air. If the tenancy premises have not yet been surveyed / tested for the presence of asbestos, then the tenant is made aware that the landlord and landlords agent are carrying out a plan to survey the tenancy premises for asbestos.
3. **Authorised vehicle parking** - The landlord permits the tenant/s to park the above stated vehicles only at the tenancy premises in the space provided. The tenant agrees to park only the tenant's car in the space provided and to ensure that all guests park on the street. The tenant further agrees to keep the garage or carport free from oil drippings and if necessary the tenant agrees to supply and use a drip tray. The tenant further agrees neither to repair any motor vehicle on the premises nor to leave any motor vehicle in any immobile condition. The tenant further agrees not to park the authorised vehicle or any other vehicle on any lawn belonging to the premises.
4. **Carpets** - The carpets are to be professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy.
5. **Digital Television** - The tenant acknowledges that the premises may not include an appropriate communication apparatus suitable to watch digital televisions. If the tenant wishes to install one at the tenant's cost, the tenant agrees to first obtain a written consent from the landlord (or the agent acting on behalf of the landlord) before authorizing any installation of TV aerial, satellite dish or cable TV which may cause damage to the property if removed.
6. **Inspections** - The landlord or the Landlords Agent will normally do inspections of the property every 12-13 weeks. The tenant acknowledges that further regular inspections of the premises will occur and that written notice will be given to the tenant in the first instance using the email address for contact. If no email address for contact is supplied then notice will be sent to the property address, as to when inspections will occur. Photos may also be taken.
7. **Keys And Locks** - On termination of the tenancy, the tenant shall return all keys, pass cards, remote controlled door openers and security devices provided for the premises, as directed by the landlord. Locks shall not be changed without the consent of the other party. Lost or stolen keys shall be the responsibility of the tenant and may require that other or all locks on the premises be changed at the tenants cost. If the tenant should lock themselves out of the premises this will require a locksmith to regain access at the tenants cost, which may also incur call out charges.
8. **Krypto currency Mining** - No Bitcoin or Krypto currency mining allowed
9. **Lawns and gardens by tenant** - The tenant acknowledges that the tenant shall be responsible for the maintenance of the gardens, lawns and lawn edges.
10. **LPG/Gas fired Free Standing Heaters** - This type of heater is not permitted to be used on the premises.
11. **Move In Costs** - The tenant must pay all move in costs before or on the day of the start of the tenancy for the keys to be released
12. **Parties** - The Tenant acknowledges that the Tenant is obliged by S.40 of the Residential Tenancies Act 1986 to not cause or permit any interference with the reasonable peace privacy and comfort of the Landlords other Tenants, or cause or permit a breach of the reasonable peace privacy and comfort of any other person residing in the neighbourhood. The Tenant agrees that any party held or permitted by the Tenant shall not breach the provisions of S.40.
13. **Recycle Bins** - The blue and wheellie recycle bins belong to the property and are not to be used for any other purpose other than for recycle collection with the Dunedin City Council. During the term of this tenancy the tenants named in this agreement are fully liable and responsible for any lost stolen or broken bins. At the end of the tenancy period these bins are to be left empty and in a clean, usable condition and placed inside the house.
14. **Shared Section** - Please respect each others enjoyment of this area.
15. **Smoking and illegal substances** - The tenant(s) agree(s) not to smoke cigarettes or cigars or possess or take illegal substances in the tenancy premises and not to allow any other occupants, guests or invitees to smoke cigarettes, cigars or possess or take illegal substances into the tenancy premises or use the premises in any way for any unlawful purpose.
16. **Storage** - Only tenants can store items at the property

#### INSURANCE STATEMENT

Is the property insured? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Tenants may request a copy of the policy/policies.

Insurance type (e.g. Dwelling Insurance)

Dwelling Insurance

Excess Information

\$550.00

# SMOKE ALARM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Total No. of alarms at the property 3 At least one alarm per storey/level ☒ Yes ☐ No  
 Last checked 01/11/2022 Alarm within 3 meters of all bedrooms ☒ Yes ☐ No  
 Checked by SATS

## SMOKE ALARMS

Type	Location	Is the smoke alarm new?	Expiry date
1. Photoelectric Smoke Alarm	Entry	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	01/01/2026
2. Photoelectric Smoke Alarm	Hall	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	01/01/2026
3. Photoelectric Smoke Alarm	Entry	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	01/01/2030

Smoke alarms assessed on 01/11/2022

**Notice to tenants** - The person or firm named in the "Property Management Firm/Agent Details" box, is an intermediary between the owner/principal/landlord and you as tenant. The agent is acting "as an agent for" or "on account of" the landlord. The below parties agree to the terms set out in this Tenancy Agreement

NOTE

## TENANCY AGREEMENT SIGNATURE SECTION | SIGNED BY THE TENANT/S

Tenant 1 Blennies Date 14-3-23  
 Name Philip Connor

## TENANCY AGREEMENT SIGNATURE SECTION | SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD/LANDLORD'S AGENT

Property manager signature [Signature] Date 15/2/23 <sup>1(d)</sup>  
 of Metro Otago Property Management acting as agent for and on behalf of  
 the landlord Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman

## HEALTHY HOMES STATEMENT OF INTENT SIGNATURE SECTION | VERSION 2.0

### Declaration by Landlord(s) in respect of S.13A (1CA) Residential Tenancies Act 1986

Metro Otago Property Management acting as agent for  
Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman, declare:  
 a. That on or after the commencement of the tenancy, I / We will comply with the healthy homes standards as required by S.45 (1) (bb) or 66 (1)(bb) and  
 b. including any information which may be prescribed by regulations made under S. 138 B (5) and (ICB) If there is a written variation or renewal of the tenancy agreement in accordance with S.13B (1), then I / We the landlord(s), further declare:  
 a. That on or after the time when the variation or renewal takes effect, I / We will comply with the healthy homes standards as required by S.45(1)(bb) or S.66 (1)(66) (as the case may be);and  
 b. and including any information which may be prescribed by regulations made under S.138 B(5).

Property management agency | Signed by the landlord/landlord's agent  
 Property manager signature [Signature] Date 15/3/23 <sup>1(d)</sup>  
 of Metro Otago Property Management acting as agent for and on behalf of  
 the landlord Keith Donaldson & Shona Youngman

# Healthy Homes Statement

## TENANCY ADDRESS

Address 9 Kalkoral Valley Road, Kalkoral, Dunedin 9010

## COMPLIANCE DATE

The healthy homes compliance date for this tenancy 15/04/2023

## HEATING

### 1. Heating standard exemptions

☒ No heating exemptions applies ☐ Heating exemption ☐ Partial exemption/Alternative options

### 2. Main living room required heating capacity

Heating capacity of the main living room 5.19 kW

### 3. Qualifying heaters

The type(s) of qualifying heater(s) installed in the main living room (e.g. heat pump, flued gas heater, modern wood burner) and heating capacity/capacities. If there is more than one, make sure to include each heater, and please note which heater has which kW:

1. Type Heat Pump Capacity 5.40 kW

### 4. Does the 'tolerance' or 'top up' allowance for existing heaters apply?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Heating standard assessed on 01/12/2021

## INSULATION

### CEILING INSULATION

#### 1. Does the ceiling insulation above all domestic living spaces meet the requirements of the insulation standard?

☒ Yes - Entire premises ☐ Yes - Some areas of the premises ☐ No - None of the premises

Do you know the R-value of ceiling insulation when it was installed?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Insulation thickness when last inspected 120MM

Date insulation was installed unknown Date insulation was last inspected 23/11/2020

Type of insulation

Mineral/Glass fibre

☒ I confirm the insulation is in reasonable condition (without any mould, dampness, damage or gaps)

### UNDERFLOOR INSULATION

**2. Does the underfloor insulation meet the requirements of the insulation standard?**

- ☒ Yes - Entire premises ☐ Yes - Some areas of the premises ☐ No - None of the premises

R-value of underfloor insulation when it was installed 1.3

Date Insulation was installed unknown Date Insulation was last inspected 23/11/2020

Type of Insulation

Polyester

- ☒ I confirm the insulation is in reasonable condition (without any mould, dampness, damage or gaps)

**WALL INSULATION**

**3. Do the walls of the premises have insulation? Note: wall insulation is not compulsory in rental properties. You only need to include this information if it's known.**

- ☐ Yes - Entire premises ☐ Yes - Some areas of the premises ☐ No - None of the premises ☒ I don't know

If you don't know if there is wall insulation in any, or in some walls, explain why not and include confirmation that you have taken all reasonable steps to find the information.

No access

Insulation assessed on 01/12/2021

**VENTILATION**

**1. Windows in habitable spaces**

Do all habitable rooms in the property have one or more windows, doors or skylights that open to the outside and meet the requirements below?

- ☒ All habitable spaces ☐ Some habitable spaces

List all rooms at the property and whether or not they meet the ventilation standard. If not, briefly state how the specific exemption applies.

1. Location All Rooms Meet requirements yes

**2. Mechanical ventilation standard for kitchens and bathrooms**

Does each room in the rental property with an indoor cooktop, bath or shower have an extractor fan installed that vents to the outside and is in good working order? Complete one of sections (a), (b) or (c) for this question.

- ☒ All rooms ☐ Some rooms ☐ Not installed in any rooms

State the diameter or exhaust capacity of each extractor fan and which room(s) they are located in, if applicable. Extractor fans that vent to the outside and were installed before 1 July 2019 don't need to meet performance requirements of the ventilation standard. In this case, state below that you are relying on the modified standard for extractor fans installed before this date. If you select qualifying ventilation, you must state the exhaust capacity and a brief description of how it meets the definition of qualifying ventilation.

1. Location Kitchen Fan installed yes Installed pre 2019 yes

Statement

Reliant on provision 8, to modify the requirements of regulation 23

2. Location Bathroom Fan installed yes Installed pre 2019 no

Fan Diameter Ø 150 mm Fan Exhaust Capacity        l/s

Ventilation assessed on 01/12/2021

### MOISTURE INGRESS AND DRAINAGE

1. Does the property have gutters and downpipes that efficiently drain storm, surface, and ground water to an appropriate outfall? ☒ Yes ☐ No

An appropriate outfall will generally be the storm water system provided by your local council. It could also be a properly working soakage system, natural watercourse, adequate water storage system or other constructed water way.

Note: It has been a requirement for all homes to have efficient drainage for the removal of storm water, surface water and ground water since 1947 as part of the Housing Improvement Regulations 1947.

2. Does the property have any enclosed subfloor spaces? ☒ Yes ☐ No

An appropriate outfall will generally be the storm water system provided by your local council. It could also be a properly working soakage system, natural watercourse, adequate water storage system or other constructed water way.

3. Does the ground moisture barrier meet the standard? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Moisture ingress and drainage assessed on 01/12/2021

### DRAUGHT STOPPING

1. Does your property have any open fireplaces? ☐ Yes ☒ No

2. Is the property free from unintentional and unreasonable gaps or holes? ☒ Yes ☐ No

This includes gaps or holes that allow noticeable draughts in or out of the building. Areas include, but are not limited to, doors, windows, walls, floors and ceilings.

Draught stopping assessed on 01/12/2021

### HEALTHY HOMES SIGNATURE SECTION

Metro Otago Property Management acting as agent for  
Kelth Donaldson & Shona Youngman, declare that  
all reasonable efforts have been made to ensure this healthy homes statement is true and correct as at the date of signing.

#### Property manager Details | Signed by the agent acting on behalf of the Landlord

Subsection (1CA) - New Tenancy

On and after the commencement of the tenancy, the landlord will comply with the healthy homes standards as required by section 45(1)(bb) or, for boarding houses, 66(1)(bb), and will provide all information prescribed by regulations under section 138B(5).

Property manager signature

Date 15/3/23 1(d)

of

Metro Otago Property Management

acting as agent for and on behalf of

the landlord

Kelth Donaldson & Shona Youngman

## Tenancy Services

- 1** If payment is to an existing bond for this tenancy, enter the bond number here:

Property ID (If known): \_\_\_\_\_

Building name		Postcode	9010
---------------	--	----------	------

1 5 0 4 2 3 bedrooms  See reverse for definitions Boarding house room ☐ Bedsit/Flat ☐

Landlord ID: 2 6 6 6 1 6 9

	Contact phone
--	---------------

PO Box or Private Bag  Postcode

Landlord Signature: [Signature]  
Date: 140323

Are you a first time tenant? Yes ☐ Date of Birth (optional) 1 0 0 3 5 8 Contact phone 020 4142 6780

PO Box or Private Box  Postcode **9010** By signing this form you agree that the information you have provided is true and correct.

Signature *R. L. Linnor*

Date 1/4/03/23

Are you a first time tenant? Yes ☐ Date of Birth (optional) D G M M Y Y Contact phone

PO Box or Private Bag  Postcode  By signing this form you agree that the information you have provided is true and correct.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date 

03	12	2011	01	11	11
----	----	------	----	----	----

